Financial Statements

Table of Contents

	Page
FINANCIAL SECTION:	
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	13
Statement of Activities	14
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	15
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	17
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	18
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund	19
Statement of Fund Net Position – Proprietary Fund	20
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Fund	21
Statement of Fund Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund	22
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	23
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedules of the District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) – Utah Retirement Systems	44
Schedules of District Contributions – Utah Retirement Systems	45
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	46
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
Major Funds:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund	48
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Capital Projects Fund	49

Table of Contents

	Page
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	50
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	51
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Food Services Fund	52
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Student Activities Fund	53
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Pass-Through Taxes Fund	54
Comparative Balance Sheets - Park City Education Foundation Fund	55
Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – <i>Park City Education Foundation Fund</i>	56
OTHER INFORMATION:	
Comparative Statements of Net Position - Governmental Activities	57
Comparative Statements of Activities – Governmental Activities	58
Comparative Balance Sheets – General Fund	59
Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund	60
Historical Summaries of Taxable Values of Property	61
Tax Rates and Collections	62





Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Park City School District

Report on the Basic Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Park City School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the *general fund* for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedules of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) – Utah Retirement Systems, the schedules of District contributions – Utah Retirement Systems, and the related notes to the required supplementary information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the required supplementary information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information section does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 28, 2022, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Orem, Utah

October 28, 2022

Squin & Company, PC

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of the financial report of Park City School District (the District) presents management's discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2022.

Financial Highlights

- The District's total net position was \$149.7 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year, most of which is invested in capital assets and capital outlay.
- The District is dependent on revenues generated by property taxes. Property tax revenues increased by 7.1% in 2022 to \$90.0 million, an increase of \$6.0 million compared to the prior year. The District contributed \$16.8 million of property taxes to other governments, of which \$13.2 million represents a recapture of its basic levy paid to the Utah State Board of Education. State and Federal revenues totaled \$11.1 million in 2022, an increase of \$0.7 million compared to the prior year.
- During the year, expenses were \$17.3 million less than the \$110.1 million generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.
- The District's student enrollment decreased by 104 students to a total of 4,592 students for fiscal year 2022.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis provided here are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements comprise three components: a) government-wide financial statements, b) fund financial statements, and c) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a consolidated broad overview of District finances, in a manner like a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all District assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the remainder being reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the District's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (such as, uncollected taxes and pension benefits).

The government-wide financial statements are reported as *governmental activities*. The District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, various supporting services, nutrition services, and community services. Property taxes and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the District but also the Park City Education Foundation (the Foundation), a legally separate entity for which the District is financially accountable.

The Foundation is reported as one of the District's special revenue funds. The Foundation exclusively benefits the District and its students. The District finances a portion of the administrative costs of the Foundation.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 13 and 14 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All District funds are grouped into two categories: governmental and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains six individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the *general fund* and the *capital projects fund*, each of which are major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the governmental funds is provided in the *combining and individual statements and schedules* section of this report.

The District adopts an annual budget for its *general fund*. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the *general fund* to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements and reconciliations can be found on pages 15 through 19 of this report.

Proprietary Fund

The District maintains one proprietary fund type. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District uses one internal service fund (the *self-insurance fund*) to account for employee health and accident and dental benefits and health care reimbursements provided as a service to all the other funds. This internal service fund is included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 20 through 22 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 23 through 43 of this report.

Additional Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information concerning the District's proportional share of the unfunded obligation of the defined benefit pension plans administered by Utah Retirement Systems and its progress in funding obligations to provide pension benefits to its employees. This required supplementary information and related notes can be found on pages 44 to 47 of this report.

The individual and combining statements and schedules referred to earlier in connection with governmental funds are presented as supplementary information on pages 48 through 56 of this report.

To provide comparative data, selected financial, tax, and demographic information is provided as other information. This other information can be found on pages 57 through 62 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the District's case, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$149.7 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

PARK CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT'S Net Position June 30, 2022 and 2021

(in millions of dollars)

Total

	Governmental activities					hange
	2022			2021	202	22-2021
Current and other assets	\$	299.4	\$	141.2	\$	158.2
Capital assets		109.4		107.4		2.0
Total assets		408.8		248.6	-	160.2
Deferred outflows of resources		11.6		7.8		3.8
Current and other liabilities		11.4		10.3		1.1
Long-term liabilities outstanding		126.3		17.8		108.5
Total liabilities		137.7		28.1		109.6
Deferred inflows of resources		133.0		95.9		37.1
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets		106.6		107.3		(0.7)
Restricted		17.1		14.6		2.5
Unrestricted		26.0		10.5		15.5
Total net position	\$	149.7	\$	132.4	\$	17.3

The key elements of the District's net position at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

- The largest portion of the District's net position (\$17.0 million or 11.4%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, and equipment and buses, net of accumulated depreciation and related debt). The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending.
- An additional portion of the District's net position (\$26.0 million or 17.4%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Most of the restricted balance is for capital outlay. Restricted net position increased by \$2.5 million during the year ended June 30, 2022. Restricted fund balances represent net resources subject to constraints that are imposed by external entities or by law.
- The remaining net position (\$26.0 million) is unrestricted. This balance is net of the District's proportionate share of net pension assets and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources of the defined benefit pension plans administered by Utah Retirement Systems.

Changes in Net Position

The District's total net position increased by \$17.3 million during the current year. The following discussion and analysis on governmental activities focuses on this increase:

PARK CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT'S Changes in Net Position Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

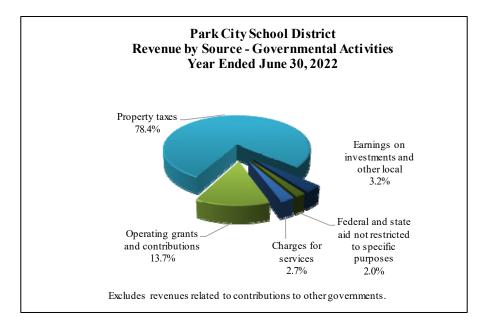
(in millions of dollars)

					Total	
	G	overnmen	change			
	2	2022		2021	202	2-2021
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	2.5	\$	2.1	\$	0.4
Operating grants and contributions		12.7		11.2		1.5
General revenues:						
Property taxes		90.0		84.0		6.0
Federal and state aid not restricted to						
specific purposes		1.8		1.8		-
Earnings on investments		0.3		0.5		(0.2)
Other local		2.8		8.7		(5.9)
Total revenues		110.1		108.3		1.8
Expenses:						
Instruction		43.1		50.0		(6.9)
Supporting services:						
Students		5.1		5.5		(0.4)
Instructional staff		4.3		4.7		(0.4)
Executive administration		0.9		0.9		-
School administration		3.4		3.8		(0.4)
Central		4.2		4.3		(0.1)
Operation and maintenance of facilities		6.3		7.2		(0.9)
Student transportation		2.7		2.8		(0.1)
Nutrition services		2.1		2.1		-
Community services		2.1		2.1		-
Contributions to other governments		16.8		12.9		3.9
Interst on long-term liabilities		1.1		-		1.1
Total expenses		92.1		96.3		(4.2)
Change in net position		18.0		12.0		6.0
Net position - beginning		132.4		120.4		12.0
Net position - ending	\$	150.4	\$	132.4	\$	18.0

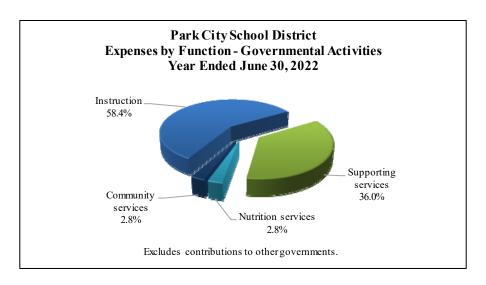
The key elements of the increase in the District's net position for the year ended June 30, 2022 are as follows:

• Property tax revenues increased by 7.1% in 2022 to \$90.0 million as a result of a combination of an increase in the taxable value of property and a decrease in the overall tax rate. The District contributed \$16.8 million of property taxes to other governments, of which \$13.2 million represents a recapture of its basic levy paid to the Utah State Board of Education.

- State revenues decreased by \$0.9 million. State revenue is based primarily on weighted pupil units (WPU) and other appropriations. If a student is in membership a full 180 days, the state awards us one WPU. Certain students receive a weighting greater than one. The state guarantees that if taxes collected from the basic levy do not provide money equal to the WPU, the state will make up the difference with state funding. The value of the WPU increased by 5.9% during the year ended June 30, 2022 (\$3,809 during 2022 as compared to \$3,596 in 2021). The combination of an increase in the value of the WPU and a decrease in student membership resulted in a minimal increase of state WPU-based program revenue compared to the prior year. However, taxes collected from the basic levy exceeded the state guarantee by \$13.2 million. Consequently, the District received no state WPU funding in 2022 and were required to pay the excess to the state. Overall revenue from other state appropriations (both restricted and unrestricted) totaled \$6.2 million in 2022, a decrease of 12.7% from the prior year.
- Federal revenues increased by \$1.6 million. This increase was primarily a result of new federal grants to assist the District in responding to the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Other local revenues decreased by \$5.9 million, primarily from the donation of land in the prior year to be used for a new elementary school.



• The District's total expenses decreased by \$3.5 million to a total of \$92.8 million during 2022 as compared to the prior year. This decrease is primarily from the decrease instructional amount being spent in the current year.



Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The focus of the governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$167.3 million, \$126.7 million increase from the previous year. Included in this year's change in the combined fund balance is an increase in the fund balance of the *general fund* of \$6.5 million and includes an increase in the fund balance of the *capital projects fund* of \$119.0 million. The increase in the fund balance of the *general fund* resulted primarily from increased property tax revenues. The increase in the fund balance of the *capital projects fund* resulted primarily from the issuance of bonds. In addition, the following other changes in fund balances should be noted:

- Expenditures for general purposes (excluding contributions to other governments) totaled \$73.1 million, an increase of \$0.1 during the current fiscal year. This compares to a 0.1% increase in 2021. Instruction represents 55.7% of *general fund* expenditures (excluding contributions to other governments).
- General fund salaries totaled \$42.1 million while the associated employee benefits of retirement, social security, and insurance added \$20.8 million to arrive at 72.9% of total general fund expenditures (excluding contributions to other governments).

Governmental funds report the differences between their assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources as fund balance, which is divided into nonspendable, restricted, and unrestricted portions. *Nonspendable* includes endowments, inventories, and prepaid items that are not expected to be converted to cash. *Restricted* includes net fund resources that are subject to external constraints due to state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors. Restrictions include tax revenues levied for specific purposes. The unrestricted fund balance is, in turn, subdivided between committed, assigned, and unassigned portions. *Committed* balances reflect the self-imposed limitation on the use of otherwise available expendable financial resources in governmental funds. *Assigned* balances in the *general fund* and other governmental funds are those that do not meet the requirements of restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. *Unassigned* balances in the *general fund* are all other available net fund resources. At June 30, 2022, the District's combined governmental fund balance is \$167.3 million (\$0.1 million in nonspendable, \$134.6 million in restricted, \$5.4 million in committed, \$5.3 million in assigned, and \$21.9 million in unassigned fund balances).

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year, the District's budget was revised by the Board. Budget amendments were to reflect changes in programs and related funding. The difference between the original budget total revenue and the final amended budget was an increase of \$1.9 million in total *general fund* revenues to reflect increases in state and federal revenues. Final budgeted expenditures were more than original budgetary estimates by \$1.6 million. This increase primarily reflects higher expenditures in contributions to other governments due to better than anticipated property tax collections.

Actual expenditures were \$6.2 million less than final budgeted amounts. Actual revenues were \$0.1 million less than final budgeted amounts.

Capital Asset Administration

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2022 amounts to \$109.4 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, equipment and buses, and leased assets. The total increase in capital assets for the current year was \$2.0 million or 1.9%, primarily from construction projects at various schools.

Additions to capital assets in 2022 included construction in progress and the acquisition of transportation equipment.

Capital assets at June 30, 2022 and 2021 are outlined below:

PARK CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT'S Capital Assets June 30, 2022 and 2021

(net of accumulated depreciation, in millions of dollars)

	Governmental activities					Total change		
	,	2022		2021	202	2-2021		
Land and construction in progress	\$	24.7	\$	20.0	\$	4.7		
Buildings and improvements		79.9		82.8		(2.9)		
Equipment and buses		4.8		4.6	1	0.2		
Total capital assets	\$	109.4	\$	107.4	\$	2.0		

Refer to Note 5 to the basic financial statements for additional information on capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the outstanding balance of debt obligations is summarized below:

PARK CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT'S Outstanding Debt June 30, 2022 and 2021

(in millions of dollars)

	G	overnmen	tal acti	vities		Total nange
	2022		2021		202	22-2021
General obligation bonds	\$	71.3	\$	-	\$	71.3
Lease revenue bonds		42.0		-		42.0
Unamortized amounts for bond premiums		9.3		-		9.3
Note payable		-		0.1		(0.1)
Total long-term debt	\$	122.6	\$	0.1	\$	122.5

Refer to Note 8 to the basic financial statement for additional information on the District's long-term debt.

Enrollment

The District anticipates student membership to remain relatively constant for the foreseeable future. The following enrollment information is based on the annual October 1 count:

PARK CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT'S Enrollment October 1 Count

School Year	Enrollment	Change
2021-22	4,592	(2.21)%
2020-21	4,696	(1.28)%
2019-20	4,757	(0.48)%
2018-19	4,780	(0.75)%
2017-18	4,816	(1.53)%
2016-17	4,891	2.69 %
2015-16	4,763	0.51 %
2014-15	4,739	2.35 %
2013-14	4,630	4.73 %
2012-13	4,421	0.48 %

District enrollment for the 2021-2022 school year decreased by 104 students to a total of 4,592 students.

Contacting the District's Management

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of Park City School District's finances and to demonstrate its accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Office of the Business Administrator, Park City School District, 2700 Kearns Blvd., Park City, UT 84060.



Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities		
Assets:			
Cash and investments	\$	182,745,355	
Receivables:			
Property taxes		105,506,241	
Local		2,485,302	
State		221,625	
Federal		1,170,169	
Inventories and prepaid items		66,770	
Net pension asset		7,222,177	
Capital assets:			
Land and construction in progress		24,706,653	
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		84,634,193	
Total assets		408,758,485	
Deferred outflows of resources:			
Related to pensions		11,612,502	
Liabilities:			
Accounts and contracts payable		1,733,152	
Accrued interest		1,211,071	
Accrued payroll and related benefits		7,522,332	
Unearned revenue:			
Local		146,657	
State		619,490	
Federal		194,226	
Long-term liabilities:			
Portion due or payable within one year		6,877,936	
Portion due or payable after one year		119,414,413	
Total liabilities		137,719,277	
Deferred inflows of resources:			
Property taxes levied for future year		103,648,968	
Related to pensions		29,340,979	
Total deferred inflows of resources		132,989,947	
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets		106,599,659	
Restricted for:			
Capital outlay		12,452,337	
Nutrition services		541,839	
Scholarships		4,075,348	
Unrestricted		25,992,580	
Total net position	\$	149,661,763	

Statement of Activities

							F	et (Expense) Revenue and Changes in	
				Program Revenues				Net Position	
Activities / Functions	Expenses		Charges for Services		(Operating Grants and ontributions	Total Governmental Activities		
Governmental activities:									
Instruction	\$	43,184,072	\$	1,909,962	\$	7,982,816	\$	(33,291,294)	
Supporting services:	Ψ	75,107,072	Ψ	1,505,502	Ψ	7,762,610	Ψ	(33,271,274)	
Student		5,221,780		_		970,150		(4,251,630)	
Instructional staff		4,292,990		_		913,284		(3,379,706)	
Executive administration		882,828		_		2,851		(879,977)	
School administration		3,390,295		-		51,719		(3,338,576)	
Central		4,211,255		-		17,396		(4,193,859)	
Operation and maintenance		4,211,233		-		17,390		(4,193,639)	
of facilities		6,339,701		84,139		184,921		(6,070,641)	
Student transportation		2,691,549		10		90,402		(0,070,041) $(2,601,137)$	
Nutrition services				294,784					
Community services		2,078,828 2,075,225		,		2,299,766 145,012		515,722	
•				191,406		143,012		(1,738,807)	
Contributions to other governments Interest on long-term liabilities		16,767,124		-		-		(16,767,124)	
-	_	1,055,735						(1,055,735)	
Total school district	\$	92,191,382	\$	2,480,301	\$	12,658,317		(77,052,764)	
General revenues:									
Property taxes levied for:									
Basic								34,891,160	
Board local								26,299,658	
Voted local								19,535,688	
Capital local								5,671,651	
Park City Redevelopmen	ıt Ag	gency						2,933,296	
Charter schools		, ,						654,118	
Total property taxes								89,985,571	
Federal and state aid not re	etric	ted to specific r	niirnos	AC.				1,844,853	
Earnings on investments	SHIC	icu to specific p	urpos	ics				326,118	
Other local								2,823,570	
Total general revenues	,						-	94,980,112	
· ·							-		
Change in net position	υII							17,927,348	
Net position – beginning								132,484,730	
Net position — ending							\$	150,412,078	

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds

June 30, 2022

	Major Funds				Other	Total		
		Capital General Projects		-		overnmental Funds	Governmental Funds	
Assets:		,						
Cash and investments	\$	36,362,754	\$	133,187,185	\$	5,577,780	\$	175,127,719
Receivables:								
Property taxes		94,434,638		7,202,747		3,868,856		105,506,241
Local		29,836		-		2,455,466		2,485,302
State		187,661		-		33,964		221,625
Federal		1,132,264		-		37,905		1,170,169
Inventories and prepaid items		6,803		-		59,967		66,770
Due from other funds		387,702		-		-		387,702
Total assets	\$	132,541,658	\$	140,389,932	\$	12,033,938	\$	284,965,528
Liabilities:								
Accounts and contracts payable	\$	510,758	\$	931,808	\$	244,664	\$	1,687,230
Accrued payroll and related benefits Unearned revenue:		7,522,332		-		-		7,522,332
Local		-		-		146,657		146,657
State		619,490		-		-		619,490
Federal		194,226		-		-		194,226
Due to other funds				-		387,702		387,702
Total liabilities		8,846,806		931,808		779,023		10,557,637
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unavailable other local revenue		_		_		2,279,591		2,279,591
Unavailable property taxes		1,032,743		78,813		45,057		1,156,613
Property taxes levied for future year		92,747,229		7,077,940		3,823,799		103,648,968
Total deferred inflows of resources		93,779,972		7,156,753		6,148,447		107,085,172
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Scholarship endowments		_		_		53,848		53,848
Inventories and prepaid items		6,803		_		59,967		66,770
Restricted for:		0,002				0,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		00,770
Capital outlay		_		132,301,371		_		132,301,371
Scholarships		_		-		1,741,909		1,741,909
Food services						514,467		514,467
Committed to:						01.,.07		011,107
Economic stabilization Assigned to:		5,393,284		-		-		5,393,284
Compensated absences		1,596,943		_		_		1,596,943
Students		1,370,743		_		712,032		712,032
Foundation		-		-		2,024,245		2,024,245
Basic levy recapture		980,000		-		2,024,243		980,000
Unassigned		21,937,850		-		-		21,937,850
Total fund balances		29,914,880		132,301,371		5,106,468		167,322,719
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	132,541,658	\$	140,389,932	\$	12,033,938	\$	284,965,528

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position $\mbox{\tt June}~30,2022$

Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$ 167,322,719
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:	
Land Construction in progress Buildings and improvements, net of \$65,986,331 accumulated depreciation Equipment and buses, net of \$7,466,285 accumulated depreciation 4,803,566	109,340,846
The net pension asset is not an avialable resource and therefore is not reported in the governmental funds.	7,222,177
Some of the District's local revenue will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the funds.	
Unavailable property taxes1,156,613Unavailable other local revenue2,279,591	3,436,204
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. All liabilities – both current and long-term portions – are reported in the statement of net position. These and related balances at year end are:	
Bonds payable Unamortized amounts for bond premiums (9,320,020) Accrued interest (1,211,071) Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (29,340,979) Note payable Unpaid vacation (514,575) Accrued sick leave (113,305,000) (9,320,020) (1,211,071) (1,	(143,205,525)
The District's internal service fund charges the cost of health care benefits to our other funds. The assets and liabilities of our internal service fund are included with governmental activities in the statement of net position. The net position of the District's internal service fund is:	5,545,342
Total net position of governmental activities	\$ 149,661,763

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Major	Funds	Other	Total
	General	Capital Projects	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
Local:				
Property taxes	\$ 80,673,566	\$ 5,667,931	\$ 3,587,414	\$ 89,928,911
Earnings on investments	237,818	277,596	(189,296)	326,118
Other	3,329,727	239,455	4,693,936	8,263,118
State	5,875,718	-	314,887	6,190,605
Federal	2,876,855		1,982,814	4,859,669
Total revenues	92,993,684	6,184,982	10,389,755	109,568,421
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction	40,693,425	-	3,674,684	44,368,109
Supporting services:				
Student	6,154,873	-	-	6,154,873
Instructional staff	5,107,994	-	-	5,107,994
Executive administration	972,457	-	-	972,457
School administration	3,934,655	-	-	3,934,655
Central	4,793,423	-	-	4,793,423
Operation and maintenance of	6.554.026			6.554.026
facilities	6,574,036	-	-	6,574,036
Student transportation	2,513,642	-	2 002 100	2,513,642
Nutrition services	9,981	-	2,093,100	2,103,081
Community services	2,342,866	-	- 2 597 414	2,342,866
Contributions to other governments	13,179,710	9,316,966	3,587,414	16,767,124
Capital outlay Debt service:	-	9,510,900	-	9,316,966
Bond issuance costs	_	750,315	-	750,315
Total expenditures	86,277,062	10,067,281	9,355,198	105,699,541
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	6,716,622	(3,882,299)	1,034,557	3,868,880
Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	_	87,312	_	87,312
Issuance of general obligation bonds	-	71,305,000	-	71,305,000
Issuance of lease revenue bonds	-	42,000,000	-	42,000,000
Bond premiums	-	9,475,356	-	9,475,356
Transfers in	-	-	180,859	180,859
Transfers out	(180,859)			(180,859)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(180,859)	122,867,668	180,859	122,867,668
Net change in fund balances	6,535,763	118,985,369	1,215,416	126,736,548
Fund balances – beginning	23,379,117	13,316,002	3,891,052	40,586,171
Fund balances – ending	\$ 29,914,880	\$ 132,301,371	\$ 5,106,468	\$ 167,322,719

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net change in	ı fund	balances	for	governmental	funds
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\$ 126,736,548

226,892

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 for land, equipment and buses and \$100,000 for buildings and improvements are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital outlay	\$ 5,610,003
Proceeds from sales of capital assets	(87,312)
Gain on sale of capital assets	83,775
Depreciation expense	(3,681,660) 1,924,806

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources of governmental funds by issuing debt which increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

Bonds issued	(113,305,000)	
Premiums on bonds issued	(9,475,356)	
Interest expense - bonds	(1,211,071)	
Principal payments on notes payable	60,477	
Amortization of bond premiums	155,336	(123,775,614)

Certain revenue sources are collected several months after the fiscal year end are not considered available revenues in the governmental funds and are, instead, counted as deferred inflows of resources at year end. They are, however, recorded as revenues in the statement of activities.

Property taxes	56,660	
Other local revenue	1,685,796	1,742,456

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

Pension expense	10,404,771	
Vacation and sick leave expense	(82,826)	10,321,945

The District's internal service fund charges the cost of health care benefits to the other funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.

Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 17,177,033

PARK CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	
Revenues:					
Local:					
Property taxes	\$ 79,748,430	\$ 79,748,430	\$ 80,673,566	\$ 925,136	
Earnings on investments	151,496	151,496	237,818	86,322	
Other	2,924,372	3,238,790	3,329,727	90,937	
State	6,208,593	6,948,337	5,875,718	(1,072,619)	
Federal	2,157,947	3,021,222	2,876,855	(144,367)	
Total revenues	91,190,838	93,108,275	92,993,684	(114,591)	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction	44,088,232	43,698,343	40,693,425	3,004,918	
Supporting services:					
Student	6,596,834	7,007,026	6,154,873	852,153	
Instructional staff	6,246,575	6,481,112	5,107,994	1,373,118	
Executive administration	1,166,482	1,165,373	972,457	192,916	
School administration	3,940,267	3,959,991	3,934,655	25,336	
Central	5,341,097	5,403,373	4,793,423	609,950	
Operation and maintenance of facilities	6,153,502	6,302,278	6,574,036	(271,758)	
Student transportation	2,793,248	2,821,724	2,513,642	308,082	
Food services	-	-	9,981	(9,981)	
Community services	2,437,700	2,547,174	2,342,866	204,308	
Contributions to other governments	12,103,630	13,128,551	13,179,710	(51,159)	
Total expenditures	90,867,567	92,514,945	86,277,062	6,237,883	
Excess of revenues over					
expenditures	323,271	593,330	6,716,622	6,123,292	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers out	(245,000)	(245,000)	(180,859)	64,141	
Net change in fund balances	78,271	348,330	6,535,763	6,187,433	
Fund balances – beginning	18,815,593	23,379,117	23,379,117		
Fund balances – ending	\$ 18,893,864	\$ 23,727,447	\$ 29,914,880	\$ 6,187,433	

Statement of Fund Net Position – Proprietary Fund

June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities – Internal Service Fund		
Assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ 7,617,636		
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	45,922		
Medical claims payable	1,775,204		
Health reimbursement accounts	251,168		
Total liabilities	2,072,294		
Net position:			
Unrestricted	5,545,342		
Total net position	\$ 5,545,342		

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Fund Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities – Internal Service Fund		
Operating revenues:			
Premiums charged to other funds	\$ 8,524,555		
Refunds	134,275		
Total operating revenues	8,658,830		
Operating expenses:			
Medical claims	7,172,422		
Administrative expenses	927,488		
Contributions to health savings accounts	332,028		
Total operating expenses	8,431,938		
Operating income	226,892		
Net position – beginning	5,318,450		
Net position – ending	\$ 5,545,342		

Statement of Fund Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Governmental Activities – Internal Service Fund		
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Insurance premiums received	\$	8,524,555		
Refunds received		134,275		
Medical claims paid		(7,349,219)		
Administrative expenses paid		(927,488)		
Contributions to health savings accounts		(332,028)		
Healthcare reimbursements paid		(74,799)		
Net cash used by operating activities		(24,704)		
Cash and cash equivalents – beginning		7,642,340		
Cash and cash equivalents – ending (displayed as cash and investments				
on the statement of fund net position)	\$	7,617,636		
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash used by operating activities:				
Operating income	\$	226,892		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash used by operating activities:				
Increase in accounts payable		6,150		
Decrease in medical claims payable		(182,947)		
Decrease in health reimbursement accounts		(74,799)		
Net cash used by operating activities	\$	(24,704)		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Park City School District (the District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to local government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's more significant accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

The Board of Education, comprised of five elected individuals, is the District's primary governing authority. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the District and its blended component unit, Park City Education Foundation (the Foundation), for which the District is financially accountable. The Foundation exclusively benefits the District and its students. Most of the administrative costs of the Foundation are financed by the District. A blended component unit, although a legally separate entity, is in substance part of District operations.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) display information about the primary government (the District) and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. As a rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. *Governmental activities* generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a function. Depreciation expense for capital assets that can specifically be identified with a function are included in the District's direct expenses. Depreciation expense for "shared" capital assets (for example, a school building is used primarily for instruction, school administration, operation and maintenance of facilities, and nutrition services) are ratably included in the direct expenses of the appropriate functions. Program revenues include a) fees and charges paid by students and other recipients of goods or services offered by a given function and b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a function. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including property taxes, are presented as general revenues.

The *fund financial statements* provide information about the District's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The *general fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The *capital projects fund* accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for the acquisition and improvement of sites, construction and remodel of facilities, and procurement of equipment necessary for providing educational programs for all students in the District.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Additionally, the District reports the following proprietary fund:

• The self-insurance fund accounts for the risk management services associated with the District's self-insurance plan covering employee health and accident and dental claims and healthcare reimbursements. Premiums are charged to other funds to cover anticipated costs.

Classifications of expenditures/expenses are reported by function. The function describes the activity for which a service or material object is acquired. District functions are classified into six broad areas: instruction, supporting services, nutrition services, community services, contributions to other governments, and capital outlay. Functions are further classified into subfunctions.

Instruction – Instruction includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. This function includes teachers, aides, textbooks, and classroom supplies.

Supporting Services – Supporting services provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and curriculum development), and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the objectives of instruction, nutrition services, and community services rather than as entities within themselves.

- *Student*. Activities designed to assess and improve the well-being of students and to supplement the teaching process. This subfunction includes attendance, guidance, health, and therapy services.
- Instructional staff. Activities associated with assisting the instructional staff with the content and process of providing learning experiences for students. This subfunction includes improvement of instruction, instruction and curriculum development, instructional staff training, library and media, instruction-related technology, and academic student assessment services.
- Executive administration. Activities concerned with establishing and administering policy for operating the District. This subfunction includes Board of Education, superintendent, and community relation services.
- *School administration*. Activities concerned with overall administrative responsibility for a school. This subfunction includes principals, assistants, records, and clerical services.
- *Central*. Activities that support other administrative and instructional functions, including fiscal services, purchasing, printing, human resources, planning, and administrative information technology.
- Operation and maintenance of facilities. Activities concerned with keeping physical facilities open, comfortable, and safe for use and with keeping grounds, buildings, and equipment in effective working conditions and state of repair.
- Student transportation. Activities concerned with conveying students to and from school, as provided by state and federal law. These include trips between home and school and trips to school activities as well as vehicle acquisition, operation, and maintenance.

Nutrition Services – Nutrition services include activities concerned with providing food to students and staff in a school as part of the National School Lunch Program. Program revenues include federal and state reimbursements, federal donated commodities, and lunch sales.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Community Services – Community services include activities concerned with providing services to the community. Examples of this function are offering after-school, operating a swimming pool, and providing other community recreation programs.

Contributions to Other Governments – Contributions to other governments include required payments to other governments of property taxes levied by the District of a) incremental taxes to a redevelopment agency, b) excess basic levy collections to the state, and c) the charter school levy to the state.

Capital Outlay – Capital outlay includes payments for the acquisition and improvement of sites, construction and remodel of facilities, and procurement of equipment.

Debt Service - Debt service includes payments of both principal, interest, and related debt costs.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and are reported using the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District generally considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within thirty days after year-end. Expenditures generally are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except pension benefits, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues in the current fiscal period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met. All other revenue items are considered measurable and available only when the District receives cash.

Budgetary Data

The District operates within the budget requirements for school districts as specified by state law and as interpreted by the Utah State Superintendent of Public Instruction. Budgets are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting for all governmental funds, except for the Foundation, which operates within its own budget. A budget for the *self-insurance fund* is not required. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end except for those indicated as a fund balance commitment. The following procedures are used in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

• By June 1 of each year, the business administrator prepares a proposed annual budget (for the fiscal year beginning July 1) for all applicable funds. The budget is presented to the Board of Education by the superintendent. This budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Also included is a final budget for the current fiscal year ending June 30.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

- Copies of the proposed budget are made available for public inspection and review by the District's patrons.
- If the District does not exceed the certified tax rate, a public hearing is held before June 30 at which time the budget is legally adopted by resolution of the Board after obtaining taxpayer input. If the District exceeds the certified tax rate, the budget is adopted by August when data is available to set the rates.
- Once adopted, the budget can be amended by subsequent Board action. The Board, upon recommendation of the superintendent, can approve reductions in appropriations but increases in appropriations by fund require a public hearing prior to amending the budget. In accordance with state law, interim adjustments may be made by administrative budget reallocation from one appropriation to another within any given fund.
- Certain interim adjustments in estimated revenue and expenditures during the year ended June 30, 2022 have been included in the final budget approved by the Board, as presented in the financial statements.
- Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

Deposits and Investments

The cash balances of substantially all funds are pooled and invested by the District for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities and providing efficient management of temporary investments. The pool's investments are reported at fair value at year-end. Changes in the fair value of investments are recorded as investment earnings. Earnings on pooled funds are apportioned and paid or credited to the funds based on the average balance of each participating fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers cash and cash equivalents in proprietary funds to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from the date the District acquired the investments, including investments in the Public Treasurers' Investment Fund (PTIF).

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at year-end are referred to as either "due to/from other funds."

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost or, if donated, at acquisition value when received, stated at the lower of average cost or market. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed. Donated food commodities are recorded as revenue when received. Inventories reported in the governmental funds are equally offset by a nonspendable portion of fund balance, indicating that they are not expected to be converted to cash.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenses/expenditures when consumed.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, and equipment and buses, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 for land, equipment and buses and \$100,000 for buildings and improvements. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The District's buildings and improvements and equipment and buses are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives as indicated in the following chart:

Assets	Years
Buildings	50
Athletic field improvements	20
Musical instruments	20
Kitchen equipment	15
Maintenance equipment	15
School buses and vehicles	10
Copiers	7
Computer equipment and software	5

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Utah Retirement Systems (URS) and additions to/deductions from URS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by URS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Pension plan investments are reported at fair value.

Vacation and Personal Time Off

Under terms of association agreements, employees are granted vacation leave in amounts varying with tenure. Under Board policy, the District provides personal time off incentive to its employees; this benefit is available to employees when they separate from the District. The benefit is up to 25% (based on years of service within the District) of the amount of unused personal days allowed to be accumulated using the daily rate of pay at the time of separation. The District records expenditures in the governmental funds for vacation and personal time off benefits when paid. An expense and related liability are recorded in the governmental-wide financial statements as these benefits are earned. The liability will be paid by the fund in which the employee worked.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position and include net pension liability, lease obligations, unpaid vacation, accrued sick leave, medical claims payable, and health reimbursement accounts.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds usually recognize expenditures when paid; long-term obligations are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Net Position/Fund Balances

The residual of all other elements presented in a statement of net position is *net position* on the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements and the residual of all other elements presented in a balance sheet on the governmental fund financial statements is *fund balance*.

Net position is divided into three components: investment in capital assets (capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and capital-related debt), restricted, and unrestricted. Net position is reported as restricted when constraints are placed upon it by external parties or are imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on a hierarchy that shows, from highest to lowest, the level or form of constraints on fund balance resources and the extent to which the District is bound to honor them. The District first determines and reports nonspendable balances, then restricted, then committed, and so forth.

Fund balance classifications are summarized as follows:

Nonspendable – This category includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent because they are either a) not in spendable form or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Net fund resources related to endowments, inventories, and prepaid items are classified as nonspendable.

Restricted – This category includes net fund resources that are subject to external constraints that have been placed on the use of the resources either a) imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted fund balance amounts include the unspent tax revenue for specific purposes (capital outlay), remaining amounts for nutrition services held in other governmental funds (food services fund), and unspent expendable donations for scholarships held in other governmental funds (Park City Education Foundation).

Committed – This category includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes established by formal action of a government's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

As defined in state law as an "undistributed reserve," the District maintains for economic stabilization up to 5% of *general fund* budgeted expenditures. Potential state budget cuts, disasters, immediate capital needs, and other significant events are circumstances or conditions that signal the need for stabilization. Additionally, the commitment is necessary to maintain liquidity (i.e., reducing any disparity between when financial resources are available to make payments and the maturity of related liabilities). Also as defined by state law, the commitment is not to be used "in the negotiation or settlement of contract salaries for school district employees" and the use of this reserve requires a written resolution adopted by a majority vote of the Board filed with the Utah State Board of Education and the Utah State Auditor.

Assigned – This category includes resources held in the governmental funds to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board has authorized the business administrator to assign fund balances. The Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment. The District has assigned amounts in the *general fund* that it intends to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Also, residual balances in other governmental funds are classified as assigned fund balances.

Unassigned – Residual balances in the *general fund* are classified as unassigned.

Net Position/Fund Balance Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report in each category of net position and fund balance, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are applied.

Net Position – It is District policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position.

Fund Balance – It is District policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits and investments are carried at fair value. A reconciliation of cash and investments at June 30, 2022 as shown on the financial statements is as follows:

Carrying amount of deposits		8,802,702
Carrying amount of investments		173,942,653
Total cash and investments	\$	182,745,355
Governmental funds cash and investments Internal service fund cash and investments	\$	175,127,719 7,617,636
Total cash and investments	\$	182,745,355

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The District complies with the State Money Management Act (*Utah Code* Title 51, Chapter 7) (the Act) and related Rules of the Money Management Council (the Council) in handling the District's depository and investing transactions. District funds are deposited in qualified depositories as defined by the Act. The Act also authorizes the District to invest in the Utah Public Treasurers' Investment Fund (PTIF), certificates of deposit, U.S. Treasury obligations, U.S. agency issues, first-tier commercial paper, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, corporate bonds, money market mutual funds, and obligations of governmental entities within the State of Utah.

The Act and Council rules govern the financial reporting requirements of qualified depositories in which public funds may be deposited and prescribe the conditions under which the designation of a depository shall remain in effect. The District considers the rules of the Council to be necessary and enough for adequate protection of its uninsured bank deposits.

Deposits

At June 30, 2022, the District and Foundation have the following deposits with financial institutions:

	Carrying Amount		 Bank Balance	Amount Insured
Park City School District Park City Education Foundation	\$	6,528,913 2,273,789	\$ 6,679,479 2,358,869	\$ 258,371 500,000
	\$	8,802,702	\$ 9,038,348	\$ 758,371

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2022, the uninsured amount of the District's and Foundation's bank deposits was uncollateralized nor is it required to be collateralized by state law.

Investments

At June 30, 2022, the District and Foundation have the following investments:

Investment Type	Fair Value	
Park City School District: Utah Public Treasurers' Investment Fund (PTIF)	\$ 171,885,670	
Park City Education Foundation: Common stock ETFs	 2,056,983	
Total investments	\$ 173,942,653	

The District invests with the PTIF. The PTIF is an external local government investment pool managed by the Utah State Treasurer. The PTIF is authorized and makes investments in accordance with the Act. The Council provides regulatory oversight for the PTIF. Participant accounts with the PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the state. Participants in the PTIF share proportionally in the income, costs, gains, and losses from investment activities. The degree of risk of the PTIF depends upon the underlying portfolio, which consists of debt securities held by the state or in the state's name by the state's custodial banks, including investment-grade corporate bonds and notes, money market mutual

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

funds, first-tier commercial paper, and certificates of deposit. The portfolio has a weighted average maturity of 90 days or less. The majority of the PTIF's corporate bonds and notes are variable-rate securities, which reset every three months to the prevailing market interest rates. The PTIF is not rated. The PTIF has no debt securities with more than 5% of its total investments in a single issuer. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

The Foundation invests through a broker in common stock exchange-traded funds (ETFs). An ETF is a marketable security that tracks an index. An ETF owns the underlying assets (shares of stocks) and divides ownership of those assets into shares. Shareholders indirectly own these assets and are entitled to a portion of the earnings. ETF shares are traded on public stock exchanges. The common stock ETFs seek to provide investment results that correspond to developed equities based in Europe, Australia, and the Far East or the S&P 500 Index (composed of five hundred selected stocks, all of which are listed on national stock exchanges and spans over 25 separate industry groups).

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by complying with the Act, which requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments to not exceed the period of availability of the funds invested. Except endowments, the Act further limits the remaining term to maturity on all investments in commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, and fixed-rate securities from 270 days to 15 months. In addition, variable-rate securities may not have a remaining term to final maturity exceeding three years. The Foundation can also invest private funds in fixed-income securities with a dollar-weighted average maturity not to exceed ten years.

Credit Risk – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. District policy for reducing its exposure to credit risk is to comply with the Act and related rules. The Act and related rules limit investments in commercial paper to a first-tier rating and investments in fixed-income and variable-rate securities to a rating of A or higher as rated by Moody's Investors Service or by Standard & Poor's.

Concentration of Credit Risk – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. District policy for managing this risk is to comply with the Act and related rules. The Act limits investments in commercial paper and or corporate obligations to 5% of its total portfolio with a single issuer. The Foundation can invest private funds in certain equity and fixed-income securities provided no more than 5% of all funds are invested in any one issuer and no more than 25% of all funds are invested in an industry. Also, for the Foundation's investments in private funds, no more than 75% may be invested in equity securities and no more than 5% in collateralized mortgage obligations.

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. District policy for managing this risk is to comply with the Act and related rules. The Act requires the Foundation's public treasurer to have custody of all securities purchased or held or deposit these securities with a bank or trust company to be held in safekeeping by that custodian. The Foundation's investments held in a brokerage account are covered by Securities Investor Protection Corporation up to \$500,000.

NOTE 3 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The District, as well as the Foundation, categorize their fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2022:

• Public Treasurers' Investment Fund of \$171,885,670 is valued at the District's position in the PTIF multiplied by the published fair value factor (Level 2 inputs).

The Foundation has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2022:

• Common stock exchange-traded funds of \$2,056,983 are valued at quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

NOTE 4 – PROPERTY TAXES

District Property Tax Revenue

The District's property tax revenue is collected and distributed by the Summit County treasurer as its agent. State statutes establish the process by which taxes are levied and collected. The county assessor is required to assess real property as of January 1 and complete the tax rolls by May 15. By July 21, the county auditor is to mail assessed value and tax notices to property owners. A taxpayer may then petition the county board of equalization between August 1 and August 15 for a revision of the assessed value. The county auditor makes approved changes in assessed value by November 1 and on this same date the county auditor is to deliver the completed assessment rolls to the county treasurer. Tax notices are mailed with a due date of November 30.

Motor vehicles are assessed an age-based fee that is due each time a vehicle is registered. The revenues collected in each county from motor vehicle fees is distributed by the county to each taxing entity in the same proportion in which revenue collected from property tax is distributed. The District recognizes motor vehicle fees as property tax revenue when collected.

As of June 30, 2022, District property taxes receivable includes uncollected taxes assessed as of January 1, 2022 or earlier. It is expected that all assessed taxes (including delinquencies plus accrued interest and penalties) will be collected within a five-year period, after which time the county treasurer may force sale of property to collect the delinquent portion.

Contributions to Other Governments

The District is required to allocate to other governments some of the property taxes it levies as follows:

Incremental Taxes for Park City Redevelopment Agency

In addition to property taxes it levies for its own purposes, the District levies property taxes for Park City Redevelopment Agency (the Agency), a legally separate governmental entity which is reported as a component unit of Park City Municipal Corporation. The incremental taxes are administered in accordance with the Community Development and Renewal Agencies Act (*Utah Code* 17C-1). Collections of these taxes are forwarded directly by Summit County to the Agency.

Property tax revenue (or incremental taxes) from increased assessed values within project areas are earmarked to finance urban renewal, economic development, and community development projects managed by the Agency. Project completion dates range from 2021 to 2031.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

In 2022, incremental taxes levied by the District for the Agency totaling \$2,933,296 were recorded in the other governmental funds (pass-through taxes fund).

As part of a mitigation agreement between the District and the Agency, the Agency paid the District \$830,623 during the year ended June 30, 2022. Of the amount paid, the agreement requires the District to allocate 61% to general purposes and 39% to capital outlay.

Charter School Levy to the State

Per *Utah Code* 53F-2-703, a portion of the District's board local levy is paid to the statewide charter school levy account. The portion is based on the number of charter school students residing within District boundaries. In 2022, the amount collected by the County and paid directly to the state was \$654,118; the District reports this amount in the *pass-through taxes fund*.

Basic Levy Recapture (and Basic Levy Incremental Tax) to the State

The state guarantees a contribution to a school district's basic program when the amount generated by weighted pupil units exceeds the amount of tax revenue produced by the basic levy. When a school district produces tax revenue from the basic levy in excess of what is to be applied to the amount generated by weighted pupil units, the excess is paid (or recaptured) to the state. Per *Utah Code* 53F-2-301.5, the state added an incremental rate to the basic levy. The District pays this incremental tax to the state to fund certain state programs. The District is not eligible to participate in these state programs even though it is required to levy the incremental tax. In 2022, combined basic levy recapture and basic levy incremental tax of \$13,179,710 was paid to the state from the *general fund*.

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 19,077,646	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,077,646
Construction in progress	943,612	4,685,395		5,629,007
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	20,021,258	4,685,395	-	24,706,653
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	145,816,958	-	-	145,816,958
Equipment and buses	11,758,026	924,608	(412,783)	12,269,851
Total capital assets, being depreciated	157,574,984	924,608	(412,783)	158,086,809
Accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(63,014,376)	(2,971,955)	-	(65,986,331)
Equipment and buses	(7,165,826)	(709,705)	409,246	(7,466,285)
Total accumulated depreciation	(70,180,202)	(3,681,660)	409,246	(73,452,616)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	87,394,782	(2,757,052)	(3,537)	84,634,193
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 107,416,040	\$ 1,928,343	\$ (3,537)	\$ 109,340,846

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the year ended June 30, 2022, depreciation expense was charged to District functions as follows:

Gove	rnmental	activities:

Instruction	\$ 2,563,724
Supporting services:	
Student	1,390
Executive administration	52,431
School administration	142,740
Business	83,427
Operation and maintenance of facilities	182,201
Student transportation	449,909
Food services	167,268
Community services	38,570
Total depreciation expense, governmental activities	\$ 3,681,660

The District is obligated at June 30, 2022, under construction commitments as follows:

Project		Project Authorized	 Costs to Date	Costs to Complete	
Park City High School	\$	6,435,479	\$ 2,192,460	\$ 4,243,019	
Ecker Hill Middle School		3,321,021	531,854	2,789,167	
Jeremy Ranch Elementary School		12,360,355	1,375,744	10,984,611	
McPolin Elementary School		12,369,183	1,363,236	11,005,947	
Trailside Elementary School		363,505	69,265	294,240	
Parley's Park Elementary School		683,428	96,448	586,980	
	\$	35,532,971	\$ 5,629,007	\$ 29,903,964	

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM LIABILITES

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

		ginning alance	Additions	<u>F</u>	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due	Portion or Payable Within One Year
General obligation bonds (direct placement) Lease revenue bonds Unamortized premiums	\$	- - -	\$ 71,305,000 42,000,000 9,475,356	\$	- - (155,336)	\$ 71,305,000 42,000,000 9,320,020	\$	2,560,000 1,745,000
Total general obligation bonds payable, net		-	122,780,356		(155,336)	122,625,020		4,305,000
Net pension liability Note payable (direct borrowing) Unpaid vacation Accrued personal time off Medical claims payable Health reimbursement accounts	1	,896,193 104,491 448,595 ,065,522 ,958,151 325,967	27,222,883 - 401,065 197,228 8,684,113		(41,119,076) (60,477) (335,085) (180,382) (8,867,060) (74,799)	44,014 514,575 1,082,368 1,775,204 251,168		44,014 411,660 216,474 1,775,204 125,584
Total long term liabilities	\$ 17	7,798,919	\$ 159,285,645	\$	(50,792,215)	\$ 126,292,349	\$	6,877,936

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The outstanding balance of bonds payable at June 30, 2022 is comprised of individual issues as follows:

Description/ Purpose	Maturity	Oustanding Amount
Bond Series 2021A - (direct placement) GO Bonds - original issue of \$71,305,000 with interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 5.0%	2/1/2042	\$ 71,305,000
Local Building Authortiy 2022 - Lease Revenue Bonds - original issue of \$42,000,000 with an interest rate of 2.99%	3/15/2042	42,000,000

General Obligation Bonds

In February 2022, the District issued \$71,305,000 of general obligation refunding bonds. The bonds were issued with interest rates from 3.0% to 5.0% and will mature on February 1, 2042.

The District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the construction of new facilities, acquisition of property, renovation and improvement of facilities, and procurement of new school equipment. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the taxpayers. Debt service payments on the general obligation bonds are made by the debt service fund from property tax revenues.

The annual requirements to service all general obligation bonds outstanding of June 30, 2022, including interest payments, are listed as follows:

	Direct F	lacen	nent		
Outstanding Bonds					
	Principal		Interest		Total
		_			
\$	2,560,000	\$	2,505,485	\$	5,065,485
	2,335,000		2,726,350		5,061,350
	2,455,000		2,609,600		5,064,600
	2,575,000		2,486,850		5,061,850
	2,705,000		2,358,100		5,063,100
	15,700,000		9,621,000		25,321,000
	19,780,000		5,530,350		25,310,350
	23,195,000		2,128,500		25,323,500
\$	71,305,000	\$	29,966,235	\$	101,271,235
	\$	\$ 2,560,000 2,335,000 2,455,000 2,575,000 2,705,000 15,700,000 19,780,000 23,195,000	Outstanding E Principal \$ 2,560,000 \$ 2,335,000 2,455,000 2,575,000 2,705,000 15,700,000 19,780,000 23,195,000	Principal Interest \$ 2,560,000 \$ 2,505,485 2,335,000 2,726,350 2,455,000 2,609,600 2,575,000 2,486,850 2,705,000 2,358,100 15,700,000 9,621,000 19,780,000 5,530,350 23,195,000 2,128,500	Outstanding Bonds Principal Interest \$ 2,560,000 \$ 2,505,485 \$ 2,335,000 2,726,350 2,455,000 2,609,600 2,575,000 2,486,850 2,705,000 2,358,100 15,700,000 9,621,000 19,780,000 5,530,350 23,195,000 2,128,500

Lease Revenue Bonds

In March 2022, the Local Building Authority of Park City School District issued \$42,000,000 of lease revenue bonds. The bonds were issued at an effective interest rate of 2.99% and will mature on March 15, 2042.

The Local Building Authority of Park City School District issues lease revenue bonds to finance improvements to schools. Debt service payments on the lease revenue bonds are made by the capital projects fund from property tax revenues.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The annual requirements to amortize all lease revenue bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2022, including interest payments, are listed as follows:

Year Ending	Lease Rev				
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total		
2023	\$ 1,745,000	\$ 2,505,485	\$ 4,250,485		
2024	1,605,000	2,726,350	4,331,350		
2025	1,650,000	2,609,600	4,259,600		
2026	1,700,000	2,486,850	4,186,850		
2027	1,755,000	2,358,100	4,113,100		
2028-2032	9,580,000	9,621,000	19,201,000		
2033-2037	11,105,000	5,530,350	16,635,350		
2038-2042	12,860,000	2,128,500	14,988,500		
Total	\$ 42,000,000	\$ 29,966,235	\$ 71,966,235		

Note Payable from Direct Borrowing

In 2019, the District issued a note payable from direct borrowing to help finance the purchase of equipment. Proceeds from the notes totaled \$200,501; the notes bears an interest rate of 5.0%. The note is payable in monthly installments of \$3,768, with a final maturity in June 1, 2023. Future debt service requirements for the note payable will be as follows:

June 30,			Iı	nterest	 Total		
2023	\$	44,014	\$	1,202	\$ 45,216		

NOTE 7 – STATE RETIREMENT PLANS

Description of Plans

Eligible employees are provided with the following plans through the Utah Retirement Systems (the URS) administered by the URS:

Defined Benefit Pension Plans (cost-sharing, multiple-employer plans):

- Public Employees Noncontributory Retirement System (Tier 1 Noncontributory System)
- Tier 2 Public Employees Contributory Retirement System (Tier 2 Contributory System)

Defined Contribution Plans (individual account plans):

- 401(k) Plan which includes the Tier 2 Public Employees Defined Contribution Plan (Tier 2 Defined Contribution Plan)
- 457 Plan and other individual plans

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

District employees qualify for membership in the retirement systems if a) employment, contemplated to continue during a fiscal or calendar year, normally requires an average of 20 or more hours per week and the employee receives benefits normally provided by the District as approved by the Utah State Retirement Board, b) the employee is a classified school employee whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours or more per week regardless of benefits, c) the employee is a teacher who teaches half-time or more and receives benefits normally provided by the District as approved by the Utah State Retirement Board, or d) the employee is an appointed officer.

The Tier 2 systems became effective July 1, 2011. All eligible employees beginning on or after July 1, 2011, who have no previous service credit with URS, are members of the Tier 2 systems.

The plans are established and governed by the respective sections of Title 49 of the *Utah Code*. The plans are amended statutorily by the Utah State Legislature. Title 49 provides for the administration of the plans under the direction of the Utah State Retirement Board, whose members are appointed by the Governor.

The URS (a component unit of the State of Utah) issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.urs.org.

Benefits Provided

The URS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to participants in the plans.

Retirement benefits in the defined benefit pension plans are determined from 1.50% to 2.00% of the employee's highest 3 or 5 years of compensation times the employee's years of service depending on the pension plan; benefits are subject to cost-of-living adjustments up to 2.50% or 4.00%, limited to the actual Consumer Price Index increase for the year. Employees are eligible to retire based on years of service and age.

Defined contribution plans are available as supplemental plans to the basic retirement benefits of the defined benefit pension plans and as a primary retirement plan for some Tier 2 participants. Participants in the defined contribution plans are fully vested in employer and employee contributions at the time the contributions are made, except Tier 2 required contributions and associated earnings are vested during the first four years of employment. If an employee terminates prior to the vesting period, employer contributions and associated earnings for that employee are subject to forfeiture. Forfeitures are used to cover a portion of the plan's administrative expenses paid by participants. Benefits depend on amounts contributed to the plans plus investment earnings. Individual accounts are provided for each employee and are available at termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

Contributions

As a condition of participation in the plans, employers and/or employees are required to contribute certain percentages of salary and wages as authorized by statute and specified by the Utah State Retirement Board. Contributions are actuarially determined as an amount that when combined with employee contributions (where applicable) is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the year ended June 30, 2022, required contribution rates for the plans were as follows:

	Defined Bene	efit Plans Rates	_	
	District Contribution *	Amortization of UAAL **	District Rates for 401(k) Plan	Totals
Tier 1 Noncontributory System	12.25%	9.94%	1.50%	23.69%
Tier 2 Contributory System	9.46%	9.94%	0.62%	20.02%
Tier 2 Defined Contribution Plan	0.08%	9.94%	10.00%	20.02%

st District contribution includes 0.08% of covered-employee payroll of the Tier 2 plans for death benefits.

Employees can make additional contributions to defined contribution plans subject to limitations.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, District and employee contributions to the plans were as follows:

	Cor	District ntributions *	Employee Contributions		
Tier 1 Noncontributory System	\$	4,976,486	\$	-	
Tier 2 Contributory System		2,920,372		-	
Tier 2 Defined Benefit Plan		425,922		-	
401(k) Plan		957,798		1,396,618	
457 Plan and other individual plans		-		350,316	

^{*} A portion of required contributions in the Tier 2 plans is used to finance the unfunded actuarial accrued liability in the Tier 1 plans.

Pension Assets and Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a net pension asset of 7\$,222,177 and no net pension liability for the following plans:

	N 	et Pension Asset	Net Pension Liability		
Tier 1 Noncontributory System Tier 2 Contributory System	\$	6,884,498 337,679	\$	-	
Total	\$	7,222,177	\$	-	

^{**} Required contributions include an additional amount to finance any unfunded actuarial accrued liability in the Tier 1 plans.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2021, rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) is equal to the ratio of its actual contributions compared to the total of all employer contributions during the plan year. The following presents the District's proportion (percentage) of the collective net pension liability (asset) at December 31, 2021, and the change in its proportion since the prior measurement date for each plan:

	Proportionate Share				
	2021	Change			
Tier 1 Noncontributory System	1.0076188%	(0.0257238)%			
Tier 2 Contributory System	0.7978475%	(0.0397974)%			

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense for the plans as follows:

	 Pension Expense	
Defined benefit pension plans: Tier 1 Noncontributory System Tier 2 Contributory System	\$ (3,263,317) 1,173,377	
Total	\$ (2,089,940)	
Defined contribution plans: Tier 2 Defined Contribution Plan 401(k) Plan	\$ 2,920,372 957,798	
Total	\$ 3,878,170	

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources related to defined benefit pension plans from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions						
	Non	Tier 1 contributory System	Co	Tier 2 ontributory System		Total	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between District	\$	4,129,605 2,684,477	\$	164,051 314,860	\$	4,293,656 2,999,337	
contributions and proportionate share of contributions District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,454,109		189,518 1,675,882		189,518 4,129,991	
Total	\$	9,268,191	\$	2,344,311	\$	11,612,502	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred inflows of resources related to defined benefit pension plans from the following sources:

	Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions							
	Noi	Tier 1 ncontributory System	Cor	Tier 2 ntributory System		Total		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	43,507	\$	43,507		
Changes of assumptions		-		3,192		3,192		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between District		27,765,886		834,361		28,600,247		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		694,033		_		694,033		
Total	\$	28,459,919	\$	881,060	\$	29,340,979		

The \$4,129,991 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of December 31, 2021, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ending June 30, 2023. The other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to defined benefit pension plans will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	•		Co	Tier 2 ontributory System	Total		
2023	\$	(3,625,142)	\$	(155,950)	\$	(3,781,092)	
2024	4	(7,007,497)	*	(200,160)	•	(7,207,657)	
2025		(6,397,349)		(144,973)		(6,542,322)	
2026		(4,615,849)		(83,122)		(4,698,971)	
2027		-		66,338		66,338	
Thereafter		-		305,236		305,236	

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability (asset) in the January 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.25% to 9.25%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.85%, net of pension plan investment expense, including

Mortality rates were based on actual experience and mortality tables, considering gender, occupation, and age, as appropriate, with adjustments for future improvement in mortality based on Scale AA, a model developed by the Society of Actuaries.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ended December 31, 2016. Assumptions remained unchanged that affect measurement of the total pension liability (asset) since the prior measurement date.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The long-term expected rate of return on defined benefit pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class and is applied consistently to each defined benefit pension plan. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
Equity securities	37%	2.43%
Debt securities	20%	(0.60)%
Real assets	15%	0.87%
Private equity	12%	1.18%
Absolute return	16%	0.47%
Cash and cash equivalents	0%	0.00%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability (asset) was 6.85%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from all participating employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined and certified by the Utah State Retirement Board. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability (asset).

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.85%, as well as what its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.85%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.85%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (5.85%)	Discount Rate (6.85%)	1% Increase (7.85%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset): Tier 1 Noncontributory System Tier 2 Contributory System	\$ 24,724,608 2,011,965	\$ (6,884,498) (337,679)	\$ (33,309,937) (2,141,717)
Total	\$ 26,736,573	\$ (7,222,177)	\$ (35,451,654)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued URS financial report.

Payables to the Pension Plans

At June 30, 2022, the District reported payables of \$1,562,901 for contributions to defined benefit and defined contribution plans.

NOTE 8 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District's self-insurance fund, an internal service fund, was established to pay self-insurance claims for health and accident and dental coverage and healthcare reimbursements for qualified District employees. The District carries commercial insurance, which covers claims in excess of \$125,000. The fund collects premiums, as established by the District and the plan administrator, from other District funds. The District has recorded an estimate of claims incurred but not reported of \$1,775,204 as of June 30, 2022. This liability is based on experience and information provided by the plan administrator.

The following table shows a history of accrued claims payable for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021:

	 Medical Coverage				
	2021	2020			
Medical claims payable (beginning of year)	\$ 1,958,151	\$	1,966,414		
Medical claims (including incurred but not reported) Payments of medical claims and administrative costs	 8,684,113 (8,867,060)		9,608,023 (9,616,286)		
Medical claims payable (end of year)	\$ 1,775,204	\$	1,958,151		

The District has established and made contributions to health reimbursement accounts (HRA) for certain qualifying employees not participating in the District's health and accident plan. This benefit was closed to new entrants on August 31, 2017. The HRA balances are reduced by reimbursements paid up to the amount available in the HRA. Upon termination, any accumulated balance is forfeited to the District. The following table shows a history of accumulated balances in HRAs for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021:

	Health Reimbursement Accounts					
		2021	2020			
Health reimbursement accounts (beginning of year) Healthcare reimbursements paid	\$	325,967 (74,799)	\$	399,525 (73,558)		
Health reimbursement accounts (end of year)	\$	251,168	\$	325,967		

The District also maintains insurance coverage for general, automobile, personal injury, errors and omissions, employee dishonesty, and malpractice liability up to \$10,000,000 per occurrence through policies administered by the Utah State Risk Management Fund. The District pays an annual premium to the Fund. The District also insures its buildings, including those under construction, and contents against all insurable risks of direct physical loss or damage with the Utah State Risk Management Fund. This all-risk insurance coverage provides for repair or replacement of damaged property at a replacement cost

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

basis subject to a deductible of \$1,000 per occurrence. The District also maintains a public treasurer's fidelity bond with the Utah State Risk Management Fund.

District employees are covered for workers compensation by the Utah School Boards Risk Management Mutual Insurance Association. The district covers unemployment claims on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Settled claims (other than those related to health-care benefits) for the past three years have been insignificant.

NOTE 9 – TRANSFERS AND INTERFUND BALANCES

The District transferred \$180,859 from the *general fund* to its other governmental funds to cover \$180,859 of administrative costs incurred by the Park City Education Foundation.

Amounts due to and due from other funds at June 30, 2022 include \$387,702 due from other governmental funds (the *Park City Education Foundation fund*) to the *general fund* for personnel and other administrative costs.

NOTE 10 – LITIGATION AND COMPLAINCE

At certain times, claims or lawsuits are pending in which the District is involved. The District's legal counsel and insurance carriers estimate that its potential obligations resulting from such claims (other than health-care related claims disclosed in Note 7) or litigation would not significantly affect the District's financial statements.

All fund balances are positive at June 30, 2022.

The District receives significant financial assistance from federal and state governmental agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of resources received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the District's independent auditors and other governmental auditors. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable fund. Based on prior experience, District administration believes such disallowance, if any, would be insignificant.



Schedules of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) – Utah Retirement Systems

Last Eight Plan (Calendar) Years

	District's Proportion of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Sha	District's roportionate are of the Net Pension bility (Asset)	District's vered Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
Tier 1 No	oncontributory Syste	m:				
2021	1.0076188 %	\$	(6,884,498)	\$ 23,673,847	(29.08)%	102.7 %
2020	1.0333426 %		13,775,716	24,157,631	57.02 %	94.3 %
2019	1.0497175 %		23,321,593	24,579,344	94.88 %	90.1 %
2018	0.9829048 %		36,569,142	24,941,777	146.62 %	84.1 %
2017	0.9267600 %		22,662,639	23,821,730	95.13 %	89.2 %
2016	0.8960120 %		29,039,004	23,880,531	121.60 %	84.9 %
2015	0.9162832 %		28,783,079	24,539,515	117.29 %	84.5 %
2014	0.9007547 %		22,631,720	24,778,611	91.34 %	87.2 %
Tier 2 Co	ontributory System:					
2021	0.7978475 %	\$	(337,679)	\$ 14,887,770	(2.27)%	103.8 %
2020	0.8376449 %		120,477	13,426,501	0.90 %	98.3 %
2019	0.8609425 %		193,632	11,990,444	1.61 %	96.5 %
2018	0.8435607 %		361,279	9,922,780	3.64 %	90.8 %
2017	0.7350711 %		64,809	7,214,233	0.90 %	97.4 %
2016	0.6041406 %		67,391	4,954,443	1.36 %	95.1 %
2015	0.5764658 %		(1,258)	3,722,327	(0.03)%	100.2 %
2014	0.5797030 %		(17,568)	2,836,017	(0.62)%	103.5 %

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Schedules of District Contributions – Utah Retirement Systems

Last Eight Reporting (Fiscal) Years

				tributions in lation to the				
		ntractually Required	Co	ontractually Required	ntribution eficiency		District's	Contributions as a Percentage of
	Co	ontribution	C	ontribution	 (Excess)	Co	vered Payroll	Covered Payroll
Tier 1 No	ncont	ributory Syste	em:					
2022	\$	4,976,486	\$	4,976,486	\$ _	\$	22,649,663	21.97 %
2021		5,336,578		5,336,578	-		24,333,393	21.93 %
2020		5,301,349		5,301,349	-		24,169,221	21.93 %
2019		5,459,127		5,459,127	-		24,881,095	21.94 %
2018		5,417,125		5,417,125	-		24,695,340	21.94 %
2017		5,137,730		5,137,730	-		23,482,993	21.88 %
2016		5,315,383		5,315,383	-		24,295,601	21.88 %
2015		5,313,716		5,313,716	-		24,617,692	21.58 %
Tier 2 Co	ntribi	itory System:						
2022	\$	2,920,372	\$	2,920,372	\$ -	\$	15,095,776	19.35 %
2021		2,715,260		2,715,260	-		14,221,490	19.09 %
2020		2,466,132		2,466,132	-		13,030,929	18.93 %
2019		2,068,319		2,068,319	-		11,005,686	18.79 %
2018		1,610,583		1,610,583	-		8,735,480	18.44 %
2017		1,075,785		1,075,785	-		5,893,766	18.25 %
2016		768,661		768,661	-		4,217,092	18.23 %
2015		588,177		588,177	-		3,244,261	18.13 %
Tier 2 De	fined	Contribution	Plan:					
2021	\$	425,922	\$	425,922	\$ -	\$	4,233,839	10.06 %
2021		386,037		386,037	-		3,696,835	10.44 %
2020		276,422		276,422	-		2,699,523	10.24 %
2019		236,436		236,436	-		2,332,220	10.14 %
2018		210,172		210,172	-		2,073,778	10.13 %
2017		168,438		168,438	-		1,675,567	10.05 %
2016		148,591		148,591	-		1,468,700	10.12 %
2015		114,630		114,630	-		1,121,756	10.22 %

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

NOTE A – CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS – UTAH RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Amounts reported in plan year 2021 reflect the following assumption changes adopted from the January 1, 2021 valuation:

• The investment return assumption was decreased from 6.95% to 6.85%.

Amounts reported in plan year 2020 reflect the following assumption changes adopted from the January 1, 2020 valuation:

- The payroll growth assumption decreased from 3.00% to 2.90%.
- Other assumptions that were modified: retirement rates, termination rates, disability rates, rate of salary increase, and pre and post retirement mortality tables.

Assumptions for plan years 2019 and 2018 remain unchanged from the prior years.

Amounts reported in plan year 2017 reflect the following assumption changes adopted from the January 1, 2017 valuation:

- The investment return assumption was decreased from 7.20% to 6.95%.
- The inflation assumption decreased from 2.60% to 2.50%.
- The life expectancy assumption increased for most groups.
- The wage inflation assumption decreased from 3.35% to 3.25%.
- The payroll growth assumption decreased from 3.10% to 3.00%

Amounts reported in plan year 2016 reflect the following assumption changes adopted from the January 1, 2016 valuation:

- The investment return assumption was decreased from 7.50% to 7.20%.
- The inflation assumption decreased from 2.75% to 2.60%.
- Both the payroll growth and wage inflation assumptions were decreased by 0.15%.

Amounts reported in plan year 2015 reflect the following assumption changes adopted from the January 1, 2015 valuation:

- The wage inflation assumption for all employee groups was decreased from 3.75% to 3.50%.
- The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.50% to 3.25%.
- Other assumptions that were modified: rate of salary increases, post retirement mortality, and certain demographics.

NOTE B – SCHEDULES OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONAL SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) – UTAH RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

These schedules only present information for the 2014 and subsequent measurement periods of the plans; prior-year information is not available.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

NOTE C – SCHEDULES OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS – UTAH RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

These schedules only present information for the 2015 and subsequent reporting periods of the plans; prior-year information is not available.

Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll may be different than the Utah State Retirement Board certified rate due to rounding or other administrative issues. A portion of the required contributions in the Tier 2 plans is used to finance the unfunded actuarial accrued liability of the Tier 1 plans.

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2022 with Comparative Totals for 2021

Revenues: Rogenation of Manual of Ma			2021			
Local: Property taxes \$79,748,430 \$80,673,566 \$925,136 \$76,130,598 Earnings on investments 151,496 237,818 86,322 174,855 Other 3,238,790 3,329,727 90,937 2,617,796 State 6,948,337 5,875,718 (1,072,619) 6,769,518 Federal 3,021,222 2,876,855 (144,367) 2,223,040 Total revenues 93,108,275 92,993,684 (114,591) 87,915,807 Expenditures: Current: Salaries 44,995,129 42,128,960 2,866,169 42,535,242 Employee benefits 21,903,970 20,772,857 1,131,113 20,882,457 Purchased professional services 2,600,198 1,231,933 1,368,265 790,195 Purchased property services 1,968,560 2,461,236 (492,676) 2,125,843 Other purchased services 1,374,383 1,157,372 217,011 911,498 Supplies 6,398,505 5,191,418 1,207,087 5,377,940 Equipment 94,349 102,109 (7,760) 316,753 Other objects 141 51,467 (51,326) 1,478,787 Contributions to other governments 13,179,710 13,179,710 - 8,218,495 Total expenditures 92,514,945 86,277,062 6,237,883 82,637,210 Excess of revenues over expenditures 593,330 6,716,622 6,123,292 5,278,597 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out (245,000) (180,859) 64,141 (240,683) Net change in fund balances 348,330 6,535,763 6,187,433 5,037,914 Fund balances - beginning 23,379,117 23,379,117 - 18,341,203		Budgeted				
Property taxes \$ 79,748,430 \$ 80,673,566 \$ 925,136 \$ 76,130,598 Earnings on investments 151,496 237,818 86,322 174,855 Other 3,238,790 3,329,727 90,937 2,617,796 State 6,948,337 5,875,718 (1,072,619) 6,769,518 Federal 3,021,222 2,876,855 (144,367) 2,223,040 Total revenues 93,108,275 92,993,684 (114,591) 87,915,807 Expenditures: Current: Salaries 44,995,129 42,128,960 2,866,169 42,535,242 Employee benefits 21,903,970 20,772,857 1,131,113 20,882,457 Purchased professional services 2,600,198 1,231,933 1,368,265 790,195 Purchased property services 1,968,560 2,461,236 (492,676) 2,125,843 Other purchased services 1,374,383 1,157,372 217,011 911,498 Supplies 6,398,505 5,191,418 1,207,087 5,377,940 <t< td=""><td>Revenues:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Revenues:					
Earnings on investments 151,496 237,818 86,322 174,855 Other 3,238,790 3,329,727 90,937 2,617,796 State 6,948,337 5,875,718 (1,072,619) 6,769,518 Federal 3,021,222 2,876,855 (144,367) 2,223,040 Total revenues 93,108,275 92,993,684 (114,591) 87,915,807 Expenditures: Current: Salaries 44,995,129 42,128,960 2,866,169 42,535,242 Employee benefits 21,903,970 20,772,857 1,131,113 20,882,457 Purchased professional services 2,600,198 1,231,933 1,368,265 790,195 Purchased property services 1,968,560 2,461,236 (492,676) 2,125,843 Other purchased services 1,374,383 1,157,372 217,011 911,498 Supplies 6,398,505 5,191,418 1,207,087 5,377,940 Equipment 94,349 102,109 (7,760) 316,753	Local:					
Other State 3,238,790 (9,48,337) 3,329,727 (1,072,619) 2,617,796 (1,072,619) 6,769,518 (1,072,619) 6,769,518 (1,072,619) 6,769,518 (1,072,619) 6,769,518 (1,072,619) 6,769,518 (1,072,619) 6,769,518 (1,072,619) 6,769,518 (1,072,619) 6,769,518 (1,072,619) 6,769,518 (1,072,619) 6,769,518 (1,072,619) 6,769,518 (1,072,619) 6,769,518 (1,072,619) 6,769,518 (1,072,619) 6,769,518 (1,072,619) 6,769,518 (1,072,619) 6,769,518 (1,072,619) 6,769,518 (1,072,619) 7,879,518 (1,072,619) 7,879,518 (1,072,619) 7,879,518 (1,072,619) 7,879,518 (1,072,619) 7,879,518 (1,072,619) 7,879,518 (1,072,619) 7,879,518 (1,072,619) 7,879,518 (1,072,619) 8,791,519 (1,072,619) 8,791,519 (1,072,619) 8,791,519 (1,072,619) 8,791,				,		
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Federal 3,021,222 2,876,855 (144,367) 2,223,040 Total revenues 93,108,275 92,993,684 (114,591) 87,915,807 Expenditures: Current: Salaries 44,995,129 42,128,960 2,866,169 42,535,242 Employee benefits 21,903,970 20,772,857 1,131,113 20,882,457 Purchased professional services 2,600,198 1,231,933 1,368,265 790,195 Purchased property services 1,968,560 2,461,236 (492,676) 2,125,843 Other purchased services 1,374,383 1,157,372 217,011 911,498 Supplies 6,398,505 5,191,418 1,207,087 5,377,940 Equipment 94,349 102,109 (7,760) 316,753 Other objects 141 51,467 (51,326) 1,478,787 Contributions to other governments 13,179,710 13,179,710 - 8,218,495 Total expenditures 92,514,945 86,277,062 6,237,883 82,637,210 <td cols<="" td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>,</td><td></td></td>	<td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td>				,	
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Expenditures: Current: Salaries	Federal	3,021,222	2,876,855	(144,367)	2,223,040	
Current: Salaries 44,995,129 42,128,960 2,866,169 42,535,242 Employee benefits 21,903,970 20,772,857 1,131,113 20,882,457 Purchased professional services 2,600,198 1,231,933 1,368,265 790,195 Purchased property services 1,968,560 2,461,236 (492,676) 2,125,843 Other purchased services 1,374,383 1,157,372 217,011 911,498 Supplies 6,398,505 5,191,418 1,207,087 5,377,940 Equipment 94,349 102,109 (7,760) 316,753 Other objects 141 51,467 (51,326) 1,478,787 Contributions to other governments 13,179,710 13,179,710 - 8,218,495 Excess of revenues over expenditures 92,514,945 86,277,062 6,237,883 82,637,210 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out (245,000) (180,859) 64,141 (240,683) Net change in fund balances 348,330 6,535,763 6,187,433 5,037,914	Total revenues	93,108,275	92,993,684	(114,591)	87,915,807	
Salaries 44,995,129 42,128,960 2,866,169 42,535,242 Employee benefits 21,903,970 20,772,857 1,131,113 20,882,457 Purchased professional services 2,600,198 1,231,933 1,368,265 790,195 Purchased property services 1,968,560 2,461,236 (492,676) 2,125,843 Other purchased services 1,374,383 1,157,372 217,011 911,498 Supplies 6,398,505 5,191,418 1,207,087 5,377,940 Equipment 94,349 102,109 (7,760) 316,753 Other objects 141 51,467 (51,326) 1,478,787 Contributions to other governments 13,179,710 13,179,710 - 8,218,495 Excess of revenues over expenditures 92,514,945 86,277,062 6,237,883 82,637,210 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out (245,000) (180,859) 64,141 (240,683) Net change in fund balances 348,330 6,535,763 6,187,433 5,037,914	-					
Employee benefits 21,903,970 20,772,857 1,131,113 20,882,457 Purchased professional services 2,600,198 1,231,933 1,368,265 790,195 Purchased property services 1,968,560 2,461,236 (492,676) 2,125,843 Other purchased services 1,374,383 1,157,372 217,011 911,498 Supplies 6,398,505 5,191,418 1,207,087 5,377,940 Equipment 94,349 102,109 (7,760) 316,753 Other objects 141 51,467 (51,326) 1,478,787 Contributions to other governments 13,179,710 13,179,710 - 8,218,495 Total expenditures 92,514,945 86,277,062 6,237,883 82,637,210 Excess of revenues over expenditures 593,330 6,716,622 6,123,292 5,278,597 Other financing sources (uses): (245,000) (180,859) 64,141 (240,683) Net change in fund balances 348,330 6,535,763 6,187,433 5,037,914 Fund balances – beginning <		44 995 129	42 128 960	2 866 169	42 535 242	
Purchased professional services 2,600,198 1,231,933 1,368,265 790,195 Purchased property services 1,968,560 2,461,236 (492,676) 2,125,843 Other purchased services 1,374,383 1,157,372 217,011 911,498 Supplies 6,398,505 5,191,418 1,207,087 5,377,940 Equipment 94,349 102,109 (7,760) 316,753 Other objects 141 51,467 (51,326) 1,478,787 Contributions to other governments 13,179,710 13,179,710 - 8,218,495 Total expenditures 92,514,945 86,277,062 6,237,883 82,637,210 Excess of revenues over expenditures 593,330 6,716,622 6,123,292 5,278,597 Other financing sources (uses): (245,000) (180,859) 64,141 (240,683) Net change in fund balances 348,330 6,535,763 6,187,433 5,037,914 Fund balances – beginning 23,379,117 23,379,117 - 18,341,203						
Purchased property services 1,968,560 2,461,236 (492,676) 2,125,843 Other purchased services 1,374,383 1,157,372 217,011 911,498 Supplies 6,398,505 5,191,418 1,207,087 5,377,940 Equipment 94,349 102,109 (7,760) 316,753 Other objects 141 51,467 (51,326) 1,478,787 Contributions to other governments 13,179,710 13,179,710 - 8,218,495 Total expenditures 92,514,945 86,277,062 6,237,883 82,637,210 Excess of revenues over expenditures 593,330 6,716,622 6,123,292 5,278,597 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out (245,000) (180,859) 64,141 (240,683) Net change in fund balances 348,330 6,535,763 6,187,433 5,037,914 Fund balances – beginning 23,379,117 23,379,117 - 18,341,203				· · ·		
Other purchased services 1,374,383 1,157,372 217,011 911,498 Supplies 6,398,505 5,191,418 1,207,087 5,377,940 Equipment 94,349 102,109 (7,760) 316,753 Other objects 141 51,467 (51,326) 1,478,787 Contributions to other governments 13,179,710 13,179,710 - 8,218,495 Total expenditures 92,514,945 86,277,062 6,237,883 82,637,210 Excess of revenues over expenditures 593,330 6,716,622 6,123,292 5,278,597 Other financing sources (uses): (245,000) (180,859) 64,141 (240,683) Net change in fund balances 348,330 6,535,763 6,187,433 5,037,914 Fund balances – beginning 23,379,117 23,379,117 - 18,341,203	*					
Supplies 6,398,505 5,191,418 1,207,087 5,377,940 Equipment 94,349 102,109 (7,760) 316,753 Other objects 141 51,467 (51,326) 1,478,787 Contributions to other governments 13,179,710 13,179,710 - 8,218,495 Total expenditures 92,514,945 86,277,062 6,237,883 82,637,210 Excess of revenues over expenditures 593,330 6,716,622 6,123,292 5,278,597 Other financing sources (uses): (245,000) (180,859) 64,141 (240,683) Net change in fund balances 348,330 6,535,763 6,187,433 5,037,914 Fund balances – beginning 23,379,117 23,379,117 - 18,341,203		, ,		, , ,		
Equipment Other objects 94,349 102,109 (7,760) 316,753 Other objects 141 51,467 (51,326) 1,478,787 Contributions to other governments 13,179,710 13,179,710 - 8,218,495 Total expenditures 92,514,945 86,277,062 6,237,883 82,637,210 Excess of revenues over expenditures 593,330 6,716,622 6,123,292 5,278,597 Other financing sources (uses): (245,000) (180,859) 64,141 (240,683) Net change in fund balances 348,330 6,535,763 6,187,433 5,037,914 Fund balances – beginning 23,379,117 23,379,117 - 18,341,203	*			·		
Other objects 141 51,467 (51,326) 1,478,787 Contributions to other governments 13,179,710 13,179,710 - 8,218,495 Total expenditures 92,514,945 86,277,062 6,237,883 82,637,210 Excess of revenues over expenditures 593,330 6,716,622 6,123,292 5,278,597 Other financing sources (uses): (245,000) (180,859) 64,141 (240,683) Net change in fund balances 348,330 6,535,763 6,187,433 5,037,914 Fund balances – beginning 23,379,117 23,379,117 - 18,341,203						
Contributions to other governments 13,179,710 13,179,710 - 8,218,495 Total expenditures 92,514,945 86,277,062 6,237,883 82,637,210 Excess of revenues over expenditures 593,330 6,716,622 6,123,292 5,278,597 Other financing sources (uses): (245,000) (180,859) 64,141 (240,683) Net change in fund balances 348,330 6,535,763 6,187,433 5,037,914 Fund balances – beginning 23,379,117 23,379,117 - 18,341,203		·		· · · /		
Excess of revenues over expenditures 593,330 6,716,622 6,123,292 5,278,597 Other financing sources (uses):		13,179,710				
expenditures 593,330 6,716,622 6,123,292 5,278,597 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out (245,000) (180,859) 64,141 (240,683) Net change in fund balances 348,330 6,535,763 6,187,433 5,037,914 Fund balances – beginning 23,379,117 23,379,117 - 18,341,203	Total expenditures	92,514,945	86,277,062	6,237,883	82,637,210	
Other financing sources (uses): (245,000) (180,859) 64,141 (240,683) Net change in fund balances 348,330 6,535,763 6,187,433 5,037,914 Fund balances – beginning 23,379,117 23,379,117 - 18,341,203	Excess of revenues over					
Transfers out (245,000) (180,859) 64,141 (240,683) Net change in fund balances 348,330 6,535,763 6,187,433 5,037,914 Fund balances – beginning 23,379,117 23,379,117 - 18,341,203	expenditures	593,330	6,716,622	6,123,292	5,278,597	
Net change in fund balances 348,330 6,535,763 6,187,433 5,037,914 Fund balances – beginning 23,379,117 23,379,117 - 18,341,203	Other financing sources (uses):					
Fund balances – beginning 23,379,117 23,379,117 - 18,341,203	Transfers out	(245,000)	(180,859)	64,141	(240,683)	
	Net change in fund balances	348,330	6,535,763	6,187,433	5,037,914	
	Fund balances – beginning	23,379,117	23,379,117	-	18,341,203	
	Fund balances – ending	\$ 23,727,447	\$ 29,914,880	\$ 6,187,433	\$ 23,379,117	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Capital Projects Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2022 with Comparative Totals for 2021

			2021	
	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget	Actual Amounts
Revenues: Local:				
Property taxes Earnings on investments Other	\$ 5,602,934 103,067 226,363	\$ 5,667,931 277,596 239,455	\$ 64,997 174,529 13,092	\$ 5,556,561 102,945 239,580
Total revenues	5,932,364	6,184,982	252,618	5,899,086
Expenditures: Capital outlay: Purchased professional services	-	-	-	83,246
Purchased property services Supplies Equipment Debt service:	12,917,000 - 5,890,891	731,051 - 8,585,915	12,185,949 - (2,695,024)	125,073 17,124 12,170,489
Bond issuance costs	750,315	750,315		
Total expenditures	19,558,206	10,067,281	9,490,925	12,395,932
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(13,625,842)	(3,882,299)	9,743,543	(6,496,846)
Other financing sources (uses): Issuance of general obligation bonds Issuance of lease revenue bonds Bond premiums Proceeds from sale of capital assets	70,952,100 42,000,000 9,475,356	71,305,000 42,000,000 9,475,356 87,312	352,900 - - - 87,312	- - - 76,889
Total other financing sources (uses)	122,427,456	122,867,668	440,212	76,889
Net change in fund balances	108,801,614	118,985,369	10,183,755	(6,419,957)
Fund balances – beginning Fund balances – ending	13,316,002 \$ 122,117,616	13,316,002 \$ 132,301,371	\$ 10,183,755	19,735,959 \$ 13,316,002

Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

Special Revenue Funds							Total		
•	Food Services			Pa	ss-Through Taxes	Park City Education Foundation		Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
	,		•						
\$	543,143	\$	703,865	\$	-	\$	4,330,772	\$	5,577,780
	-		-		3,868,856		-		3,868,856
	-		14,575		-		2,440,891		2,455,466
	,		-		-		-		33,964
	,		-		-		-		37,905
	27,372						32,595		59,967
\$	642,384	\$	718,440	\$	3,868,856	\$	6,804,258	\$	12,033,938
\$	4,388	\$	6,408	\$	-	\$	233,868	\$	244,664
	96,157		-		-				146,657
					-		387,702		387,702
	100,545		6,408				672,070		779,023
	-		-		-		2,279,591		2,279,591
	-		_		45,057		-		45,057
	-		-		3,823,799		-		3,823,799
					3,868,856		2,279,591		6,148,447
	-		-		-				53,848
	27,372		-		-		32,595		59,967
							. =		
	-		-		-		1,741,909		1,741,909
	514,467		-		-		-		514,467
			712.022						712,032
	-		712,032		-		2 024 245		2,024,245
	541.839		712,032						5,106,468
			,	-			- ,~, /		-,,.50
\$	642,384	\$	718,440	\$	3,868,856	\$	6,804,258	\$	12,033,938
	\$ \$	\$ 543,143	Services A \$ 543,143 \$ - - 33,964 37,905 27,372 \$ \$ 642,384 \$ \$ \$ 96,157 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 514,467 - - - 541,839 -	Food Services Student Activities \$ 543,143 \$ 703,865 - - - 14,575 33,964 - 37,905 - 27,372 - \$ 642,384 \$ 718,440 \$ 4,388 \$ 6,408 96,157 - - -	Food Services Student Activities Pa \$ 543,143 \$ 703,865 \$ - - - - 14,575 - 33,964 - - 37,905 - - 27,372 - - \$ 642,384 \$ 718,440 \$ \$ 96,157 - - - - - 100,545 6,408	Food Services Student Activities Pass-Through Taxes \$ 543,143 \$ 703,865 \$ - - - 3,868,856 - 14,575 - 33,964 - - 37,905 - - 27,372 - - \$ 642,384 \$ 718,440 \$ 3,868,856 \$ 4,388 \$ 6,408 \$ - 96,157 - - - - - 100,545 6,408 - - - 45,057 3,868,856 - - 27,372 - - - - 3,868,856	Food Services Student Activities Pass-Through Taxes Feast-Through Feast-Through Taxes Feast-Through Taxes	Food Services Student Activities Pass-Through Taxes Park City Education Foundation \$ 543,143 \$ 703,865 \$ - \$ 4,330,772 - - 3,868,856 - - - 14,575 - 2,440,891 - <td< td=""><td>Food Services Student Activities Pass-Through Taxes Park City Education Foundation General Control Control</td></td<>	Food Services Student Activities Pass-Through Taxes Park City Education Foundation General Control

 $\textbf{Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds} \\ \textbf{Year Ended June 30, 2022}$

			Special Rev	enue	Funds		Special Revenue Funds						
	Food Student Services Activities		Pass-Through Taxes		Park City Education Foundation		Nonmajor Governmental Funds						
Revenues:													
Local:													
Property taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$	3,587,414	\$	-	\$	3,587,414				
Earnings on investments		174	-		-		(189,470)		(189,296)				
Lunch sales	29	4,784	-		-		-		294,784				
Other		-	1,170,244		-		3,228,908		4,399,152				
State	31	4,887	-		-		-		314,887				
Federal	1,98	2,814	 		-				1,982,814				
Total revenues	2,59	2,659	 1,170,244		3,587,414		3,039,438		10,389,755				
Expenditures:													
Current:													
Instruction		-	1,129,589		-		2,545,095		3,674,684				
Nutrition services	2,09	3,100	-		-		-		2,093,100				
Contributions to other governments			 		3,587,414		-		3,587,414				
Total expenditures	2,09	3,100	 1,129,589		3,587,414		2,545,095		9,355,198				
Excess of revenues over expenditures	49	9,559	40,655				494,343		1,034,557				
Other financing sources (uses):													
Transfers in		-	 -				180,859		180,859				
Net change in fund balances	49	9,559	40,655		-		675,202		1,215,416				
Fund balances – beginning	4	2,280	671,377				3,177,395		3,891,052				
Fund balances – ending	\$ 54	1,839	\$ 712,032	\$	-	\$	3,852,597	\$	5,106,468				

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Food Services Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2022 with Comparative Totals for 2021

	_	_	2021	
	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget	Actual Amounts
Revenues:				
Local:				
Earnings on investments	\$ -	\$ 174	\$ 174	\$ 147
Lunch sales	297,952	294,784	(3,168)	281,055
State	278,188	314,887	36,699	298,782
Federal	1,829,281	1,982,814	153,533	1,082,206
Total revenues	2,405,421	2,592,659	187,238	1,662,190
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Salaries	796,537	779,693	16,844	786,733
Employee benefits	480,517	469,079	11,438	452,650
Purchased professional services	2,000	2,155	(155)	2,155
Purchased property services	4,954	5,722	(768)	-
Other purchased services	82,505	82,134	371	42,629
Food and other supplies	672,443	752,797	(80,354)	613,448
Equipment	54,150	1,520	52,630	
Total expenditures	2,093,106	2,093,100	6	1,897,615
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	312,315	499,559	187,244	(235,425)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in				60,000
Net change in fund balances	312,315	499,559	187,244	(175,425)
Fund balances – beginning	42,280	42,280	-	217,705
Fund balances – ending	\$ 354,595	\$ 541,839	\$ 187,244	\$ 42,280

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Student Activities Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2022 with Comparative Totals for 2021

	2022						2021	
	Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget			Actual Amounts
Revenues:								
Local:								
Other	\$	913,505	\$	1,170,244	\$	256,739	\$	1,194,380
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Salaries		44,276		63,421		(19,145)		50,083
Employee benefits		29,347		33,728		(4,381)		29,901
Other purchased services		-		55,155		(55,155)		23,902
Supplies		1,056,021		977,285		78,736		815,296
Other objects		500				500		196
Total expenditures		1,130,144		1,129,589		555		919,378
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures / net								
change in fund balances		(216,639)		40,655		257,294		275,002
Fund balances – beginning	1	671,377		671,377				396,375
Fund balances – ending	\$	454,738	\$	712,032	\$	257,294	\$	671,377

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Pass-Through Taxes Fund Year Ended June 30, 2022 with Comparative Totals for 2021

	2022							2021
	Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts			Variance with Final Budget		Actual Amounts
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$	3,587,414	\$	3,587,414	\$		\$	3,245,999
Expenditures: Contributions to other governments		3,587,414		3,587,414				3,245,999
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures / net change in fund balances		-		-		-		-
Fund balances – beginning					·			_
Fund balances – ending	\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$	_

Comparative Balance Sheets –

Park City Education Foundation Fund

June 30, 2022 and 2021

		2022		2021
Assets:	•			
Cash and investments	\$	4,330,772	\$	3,573,052
Receivables:		2 440 901		((7.722
Local Proposid items		2,440,891 32,595		667,733 25,539
Prepaid items				
Total assets	\$	6,804,258	\$	4,266,324
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	233,868	\$	109,995
Unearned revenue:				
Local		50,500		37,500
Due to other funds		387,702		347,639
Total liabilities		672,070		495,134
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Unavailable other local revenue		2,279,591		593,795
Fund balances:				
Nonspendable:				
Scholarship endowments		53,848		53,848
Prepaid items		32,595		25,539
Restricted for:				
Scholarships		1,741,909		563,980
Assigned to:				
Foundation		2,024,245		2,534,028
Total fund balances		3,852,597		3,177,395
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	C	6 904 259	C	1 266 221
resources, and fund balances	2	6,804,258	\$	4,266,324

Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Park City Education Foundation Fund

Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
Revenues:		
Local:		
Earnings on investments	\$ (189,470)	\$ 226,589
Other	3,228,908	2,469,481
Total revenues	3,039,438	2,696,070
Expenditures:		
Current:		
Salaries	502,283	401,593
Employee benefits	196,897	201,883
Other purchased services	820	683
Instructional grants and scholarships	1,275,922	1,146,454
Supplies	569,173	329,789
Total expenditures	2,545,095	2,080,402
Excess of revenues over expenditures	494,343	615,668
Other financing sources (uses):		
Transfers in	180,859	180,683
Net change in fund balances	675,202	796,351
Fund balances – beginning	3,177,395	2,381,044
Fund balances – ending	\$ 3,852,597	\$ 3,177,395



Comparative Statements of Net Position (Accrual Basis) – Governmental Activities Last Five Fiscal Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ 182,745,355	\$ 56,312,116	\$ 57,641,518	\$ 55,621,498	\$ 53,910,658
Receivables:					
Property taxes	105,506,241	83,048,927	78,398,271	82,380,056	71,093,961
Other governments	3,877,096	1,815,474	1,597,407	1,133,402	1,114,094
Inventories and prepaid items	66,770	78,142	172,375	310,128	360,991
Net pension asset	7,222,177	-	-	-	-
Capital assets:					
Land and construction in progress Other capital assets, net of	24,706,653	20,021,258	6,152,243	6,176,369	6,078,012
accumulated depreciation	84,634,193	87,394,782	90,175,058	90,922,924	92,494,372
Total assets	408,758,485	248,670,699	234,136,872	236,544,377	225,052,088
Deferred outflows of resources:					
Related to pensions	11,612,502	7,778,520	6,832,958	15,633,122	13,977,342
Liabilities:					
Accounts and contracts payable	1,733,152	1,107,749	1,396,680	2,016,695	896,399
Accrued interest	1,211,071	=	-	-	-
Accrued payroll and related benefits	7,522,332	8,485,377	7,176,779	7,211,135	6,763,503
Unearned revenue	960,373	721,313	764,533	305,383	275,163
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Portion due or payable within one year	6,877,936	2,753,592	2,745,813	2,760,886	2,564,395
Portion due or payable after one year	119,414,413	15,045,327	24,728,552	38,150,239	23,780,431
Total liabilities	137,719,277	28,113,358	36,812,357	50,444,338	34,279,891
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Property taxes levied for future year	103,648,968	81,057,733	75,869,645	80,836,743	70,037,139
Related to pensions	29,340,979	14,793,398	7,905,246	757,406	11,443,069
Total deferred inflow of resources	132,989,947	95,851,131	83,774,891	81,594,149	81,480,208
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets	106,599,659	107,311,549	96,175,023	96,901,773	98,572,384
Restricted for:	100,000,000	107,511,615	,0,1,0,020	, 0,,, 01,,,,	, 0,0,2,00.
Capital outlay	12,452,337	13,385,318	19,869,399	21,859,502	22,136,419
Nutrition services	541,839	49,390	200,093	448,215	513,881
Foundation	4,075,348	1,211,623	1,129,058	759,204	599,668
Unrestricted	25,992,580	10,526,850	3,009,009	170,318	1,446,979
Total net position	\$ 149,661,763	\$ 132,484,730	\$ 120,382,582	\$ 120,139,012	\$ 123,269,331

PARK CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Comparative Statements of Activites (Accrual Basis) – Governmental Activities Last Five Fiscal Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Expenses:					
Instruction	\$ 43,184,072	\$ 49,912,770	\$ 50,646,209	\$ 49,399,837	\$ 44,511,959
Supporting services:					
Student	5,221,780	5,534,846	5,986,110	5,159,901	4,517,928
Instructional staff	4,292,990	4,716,421	5,088,948	4,790,973	4,047,876
Executive administration	882,828	873,959	934,655	1,042,963	868,181
School administration	3,390,295	3,803,221	4,004,104	3,890,780	3,155,508
Central	4,211,255	4,315,278	4,375,924	4,676,160	3,465,128
Operation and maintenance of facilities	6,339,701	7,206,920	6,052,238	6,096,846	5,066,170
Student transportation	2,691,549	2,784,603	2,699,082	2,809,513	2,639,078
Nutrition services	2,078,828	2,089,869	1,961,497	1,981,048	1,774,614
Community services	2,075,225	2,117,105	2,269,064	2,071,092	1,794,031
Contributions to other governments	16,767,124	12,897,730	11,488,234	8,937,744	6,148,472
Contributions to other governments	1,055,735		_		
Total school district	92,191,382	96,252,722	95,506,065	90,856,857	77,988,945
Program revenues:					
Instruction	9,892,778	7,976,802	6,294,605	6,486,221	6,449,284
Supporting services:					
Student	970,150	809,752	777,851	612,922	553,659
Instructional staff	913,284	504,406	370,086	280,541	134,865
Executive administration	2,851	-	-	-	-
School administration	51,719	84,840	-	-	-
Central	17,396	80,018	-	-	-
Operation and maintenance of facilities	269,060	534,665	8,652	23,357	13,435
Student transportation	90,412	1,199,620	1,203,929	1,062,703	819,130
Nutrition services	2,594,550	1,682,698	1,327,719	1,619,869	1,544,581
Community services	336,418	432,473	381,396	306,371	361,455
Total program revenues	15,138,618	13,305,274	10,364,238	10,391,984	9,876,409
Net (expense) revenue	(77,052,764)	(82,947,448)	(85,141,827)	(80,464,873)	(68,112,536)
General revenues:					
Property taxes levied for:					
General purposes	80,726,506	75,245,934	72,507,311	64,415,406	54,007,971
Capital outlay	5,671,651	5,491,991	5,326,198	5,279,424	4,426,440
Park City Redevelopment Agency	2,933,296	2,674,627	2,572,089	2,137,616	2,058,720
Charter schools	654,118	571,372	697,650	619,025	691,220
Total property taxes Federal and state aid not restricted to	89,985,571	83,983,924	81,103,248	72,451,471	61,184,351
specific purposes	1,844,853	1,841,361	1,945,554	2,410,040	1,845,066
Earnings on investments	326,118	504,536	1,148,248	1,611,163	1,015,160
Other local	2,823,570	8,719,775	1,188,347	861,880	797,533
Total general revenues	94,980,112	95,049,596	85,385,397	77,334,554	64,842,110
Change in net position	17,927,348	12,102,148	243,570	(3,130,319)	(3,270,426)
Net position - beginning	132,484,730	120,382,582	120,139,012	123,269,331	126,539,757
Net position - ending	\$ 150,412,078	\$ 132,484,730	\$ 120,382,582	\$ 120,139,012	\$ 123,269,331

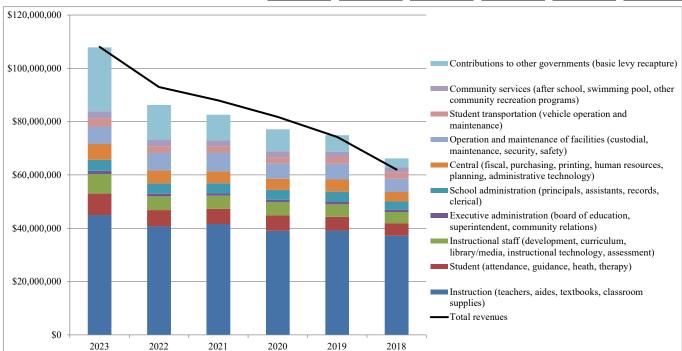
Comparative Balance Sheets (Modified Accrual Basis) – General Fund

Last Five Fiscal Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ 36,362,754	\$ 30,716,886	\$ 24,932,516	\$ 20,411,347	\$ 20,654,313
Receivables:					
Property taxes	94,434,638	74,531,903	70,114,894	73,460,466	62,859,153
Local	29,836	211,712	169,506	216,924	233,194
State	187,661	173,957	165,298	158,387	54,364
Federal	1,132,264	698,377	543,257	491,501	604,866
Prepaid items	6,803	3,213	-	140,072	16,926
Due from other funds	387,702	347,639	271,865	431,365	416,510
Total assets	\$ 132,541,658	\$ 106,683,687	\$ 96,197,336	\$ 95,310,062	\$ 84,839,326
Liabilities:					
Accounts and contracts payable	\$ 510,758	\$ 576,693	\$ 622,806	\$ 414,097	\$ 330,286
Accrued payroll and related benefits Unearned revenue:	7,522,332	8,485,377	7,176,779	7,211,135	6,763,503
Local	_	_	_	_	1,000
State	619,490	536,999	388,285	204,163	172,233
Federal	194,226	4,214			
Total liabilities	8,846,806	9,603,283	8,187,870	7,829,395	7,267,022
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Unavailable property taxes	1,032,743	986,604	1,828,270	1,122,839	650,596
Property taxes levied for future year	92,747,229	72,714,683	67,839,993	72,075,159	61,915,401
Total deferred inflows of resources	93,779,972	73,701,287	69,668,263	73,197,998	62,565,997
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid items	6,803	3,213	-	140,072	16,926
Committed to:					
Economic stabilization	5,393,284	4,331,341	4,052,675	4,079,506	3,816,486
Community services	-	-	-	250,000	190,000
Assigned to:					
Compensated absences	1,596,943	1,514,117	1,396,277	1,199,904	981,942
Basic levy recapture	980,000	1,080,000	690,000	500,000	250,000
Unassigned	21,937,850	16,450,446	12,202,251	8,113,187	9,750,953
Total fund balances	29,914,880	23,379,117	18,341,203	14,282,669	15,006,307
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 132,541,658	\$ 106,683,687	\$ 96,197,336	\$ 95,310,062	\$ 84,839,326
Unassigned fund balance as a percent of general fund expenditures	25.4%	19.1%	14.8%	10.8%	14.7%

PARK CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Modified Accrual Basis) – General Fund Last Five Fiscal Years with Anticipated Budget for 2023

	Anticipated Budget 2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Revenues:						
Local:						
Property taxes	\$ 95,248,563	\$ 80,673,566	\$ 76,130,598	\$ 71,771,507	\$ 63,931,659	\$ 53,441,044
Earnings on investments	151,496	237,818	174,855	597,794	865,213	525,908
Other	3,007,475	3,329,727	2,617,796	2,508,735	3,075,057	2,904,398
State	7,145,403	5,875,718	6,769,518	5,692,208	5,144,564	3,961,605
Federal	2,457,796	2,876,855	2,223,040	1,155,070	1,256,404	1,170,253
Total revenues	108,010,733	92,993,684	87,915,807	81,725,314	74,272,897	62,003,208
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction	44,974,583	40,693,425	41,579,811	39,048,178	39,147,787	37,217,345
Supporting services:						
Student	8,034,206	6,154,873	5,725,340	5,813,474	5,125,559	4,680,945
Instructional staff	7,307,740	5,107,994	4,923,586	4,930,937	4,734,101	4,182,792
Executive administration	1,177,862	972,457	855,796	858,061	986,234	850,374
School administration	4,173,547	3,934,655	3,812,506	3,734,819	3,712,270	3,131,401
Central	5,929,092	4,793,423	4,419,842	4,206,201	4,587,670	3,529,221
Operation and maintenance of facilities	6,561,441	6,574,036	7,090,014	5,805,444	5,911,871	4,979,799
Student transportation	3,059,522	2,513,642	2,374,249	2,312,828	2,518,372	2,435,312
Nutrition services	-	9,981	51,500	-	-	-
Community services	2,647,889	2,342,866	2,152,835	2,176,259	2,017,614	1,800,111
Contributions to other governments	23,999,799	13,179,710	9,651,731	8,218,495	6,181,103	3,398,532
Total expenditures	107,865,681	86,277,062	82,637,210	77,104,696	74,922,581	66,205,832
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	145,052	6,716,622	5,278,597	4,620,618	(649,684)	(4,202,624)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Net transfers and other financing sources (uses)	(1,185,000)	(180,859)	(240,683)	(562,084)	(73,954)	(261,222)
Net change in fund balances	(1,039,948)	6,535,763	5,037,914	4,058,534	(723,638)	(4,463,846)
Fund Balances - Beginning	23,787,447	23,379,117	18,341,203	14,282,669	15,006,307	19,470,153
Fund Balances – Ending	\$ 22,747,499	\$ 29,914,880	\$ 23,379,117	\$ 18,341,203	\$ 14,282,669	\$ 15,006,307



The 2023 anticipated budget is from the proposed budget approved by the Board in August 2022.

HISTORICAL SUMMARIES OF TAXABLE VALUES OF PROPERTY

Last Five Tax (Calendar) Years

	2021		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016					
	Taxable Value	% of TV	Taxable Value									
Set by County Assessor-Locally Assessed Real property:												
Primary residential	\$ 5,977,607,152	28.0 %	\$ 5,292,610,582	\$ 4,936,094,886	\$ 4,415,827,442	\$ 4,156,101,905	\$ 3,830,045,477					
Other residential Commercial and industrial	13,049,150,128 1,788,629,901	61.1 8.4	11,705,003,508	11,112,387,490	9,767,069,332	8,335,624,542	7,774,700,795					
Agricultural and Farmland Assessment Act (FAA)	22,627,356	0.1	1,620,730,613 19,864,382	1,461,459,788 17,672,947	1,490,008,627 16,219,108	1,300,628,768 14,634,463	1,242,128,912 14,299,539					
Unimproved non FAA	14,660,572	0.1	17,632,388	14,125,866	15,869,677	889,532,119	904,724,555					
Total real property	20,852,675,109	97.6	18,655,841,473	17,541,740,977	15,704,994,186	14,696,521,797	13,765,899,278					
Personal property	238,190,624	1.1	232,184,568	215,987,584	206,088,550	194,029,604	194,919,398					
Fee in lieu (motor vehicles, etc.) estimate	138,609,491	0.6	109,149,267	111,342,095	106,725,922	101,908,744	101,305,708					
Total locally assessed	21,229,475,224	99.4	18,997,175,308	17,869,070,656	16,017,808,658	14,992,460,145	14,062,124,384					
Set by State Tax Commission-Centrally Assessed	128,883,461	0.6	142,244,462	131,289,146	126,251,620	111,581,005	100,919,989					
Total taxable value	\$ 21,358,358,685	100.0 %	\$ 19,139,419,770	\$ 18,000,359,802	\$ 16,144,060,278	\$ 15,104,041,150	\$ 14,163,044,373					
Total taxable value (less fee in lieu property)	\$ 21,219,749,194		\$ 19,030,270,503	\$ 17,889,017,707	\$ 16,037,334,356	\$ 15,002,132,406	\$ 14,061,738,665					
Amounts include increases in taxable values within tax increment financing (TIF) districts located within the taxing area of Park City School District as follows:												
Redevelopment incremental taxable value	\$ 674,633,684		\$ 674,633,684	\$ 608,729,493	\$ 554,741,827	\$ 549,037,775	\$ 478,210,726					

Source: Utah State Tax Commission.

Tax Rates and Collections

Last Four Fiscal Years with Anticipated Budget for 2023

		ted Budget								
	2023		2022		2021		2020		2019	
	Tax Rate	Budget	Tax Rate	Collections						
General Fund:										
Basic	0.001652	\$ 46,844,485	0.001661	\$ 34,868,278	0.001628	\$ 31,086,183	0.001661	\$ 29,190,126	0.001666	\$ 26,614,228
Board local	0.001194	27,928,628	0.001252	26,282,410	0.001355	25,873,328	0.001388	24,392,471	0.001206	19,335,767
Voted local	0.000692	19,893,937	0.000930	19,522,878	0.001004	19,171,086	0.001035	18,188,910	0.001130	17,981,664
Total general fund	0.003538	94,667,050	0.003843	80,673,566	0.003987	76,130,597	0.004084	71,771,507	0.004002	63,931,659
Pass-Through Taxes Fund:										
Incremental taxes	-	2,155,468	-	2,933,296	_	2,674,627	_	2,572,089	-	2,137,616
Charter school	0.000021	595,481	0.000031	654,118	0.000030	571,372	0.000040	697,650	0.000039	619,025
Total pass-through taxes fund	0.000021	2,750,949	0.000031	3,587,414	0.000030	3,245,999	0.000040	3,269,739	0.000051	2,756,641
Capital Projects Fund:										
Capital local	0.000270	7,656,182	0.000270	5,667,931	0.000291	5,556,561	0.000300	5,272,148	0.000328	5,239,776
Total tax rate / collections	0.003829	105,074,181	0.004144	89,928,911	0.004308	84,933,157	0.004424	80,313,394	0.004381	71,928,076
Contributions to Other Governmen	nts:									
Basic levy recapture		23,999,799		13,179,710		9,651,731		8,218,495		6,181,103
Park City Redevelopment Agency		2,155,468		2,933,296		2,674,627		2,572,089		2,137,616
Charter school levy		595,481		654,118		571,372		697,650		619,025
Total contributed		26,750,748		16,767,124		12,897,730		11,488,234		8,937,744
Net taxes retained by the District		\$ 78,323,433		\$ 73,161,787		\$ 72,035,427		\$ 68,825,160		\$ 62,990,332

Notes:

Tax rates are levied for the calendar year. For example, calendar year 2022 tax rates apply to our fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Collections include current taxes, redemptions (delinquent taxes collected in the current year) and fees in lieu of taxes (primarily motor vehicle fees).

Collections may differ from tax revenue reported in the fund financial statements which use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The 2023 budget reflects the rates and anticipated collections as approved by our Board in August 2022.